

A FACT SHEET ON ANTI-SEMITISM IN THE CASE: NEWSPAPER COMMENT

Did anti-Semitism play a part in the case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg and Morton Sobell (the Rosenbergs were sentenced to death, Sobell to 30 years for alleged atomic espionage)? The following newspaper comment, mainly from the Yiddish and the English-Jewish press, helps answer this question.

Although the following extract from the NEW YORK TIMES (December 26, 1951) does not refer directly to the case, it is relevant: "Oak Ridge, Tenn., Dec. 25 (UP) - The Government said today it was less concerned about Communists and saboteurs than about hoodlums .... United States law enforcement officials gave two reasons for the apparent absence of Communists here: 1) a predominance of pure Anglo-Saxon stock. ..."

RABBI G. GEORGE FOX in the SENTINEL: Chicago English Jewish weekly, (Feb. 7, 1952): "...When Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were condemned to death for allegedly giving secret information to enemy spies, I condemned the verdict and accused the presiding judge, who happened to be a Jew, of leaning over backward in his desire to show that Jews condemn treason ... (His decision) will be found unjust, if not illegal ... I believe strongly that a grass roots letter and telegram protest to President Truman will get those who are moved by the injustice of the decision, to some action." (Feb. 14, 1952): "The Jewish angle is important as a matter of our public relations. The death of the Rosenbergs for treason, even though undeserved, will give our enemies a handle to a paddle which will never be out of use. Let us avoid such a possibility."

RABBI LOUIS D. GROSS, publisher of the JEWISH EXAMINER, (March 14, 1952): "After plowing through volumes of the evidence presented in this tragic case, I am not convinced beyond the shadow of a doubt, that the Rosenbergs are guilty ... It is quite possible, and very disturbing, to feel that the hapless Rosenberg couple may have been victimized by the anti-Communist hysteria which has been sweeping this country with deadly effect ... Why did Judge Kaufman in this case impose the extreme penalty? ... Did he think the death sentences against the Rosenbergs was necessary to counteract the anti-Semitic charge of Communism against Jews in general? Apparently this jurist has not learned that anti-Semitism has nothing to do with the truth."

JEWISH DAILY FORWARD (April 6, 1951): "When we editors got the news that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were sentenced to death, a shudder passed through all of us ... We are certain that every Jew who read this sad news felt this way. From our hearts came the words, 'Death sentence, too horrible' ... Every Jewish home will be shattered by this tragedy."

THE JEWISH DAY, editorial (April 8, 1951): "Judge Kaufman's verdict is more in harmony with the time in which we live at present than with the time during which the crime was committed. We hope that a way will be found to set aside the death sentence."

PHINEAS J. BIRON, Syndicated English-Jewish columnist, in the INDIANAPOLIS JEWISH CHRONICLE (March 7, 1952): "... Not a single jury member was Jewish and this in the city of New York, which has a Jewish population amounting to one third of the total population ... Strange, or rather sinister, if you ask us." (November 9, 1951): "It is not for us to decide whether the Rosenbergs are guilty, but from what we have read of the legal proceedings we have come to the conclusion that more than reasonable doubt exists as to their guilt."

SAMUEL B. GACH, publisher of the CALIFORNIA JEWISH VOICE, (February 29, 1952): "My only concern was why a Jewish judge had to ... decide a death penalty for peacetime espionage and so scribble a shameful precedent on the pages of American jurisprudence. It could only have been because the legal killer, Judge Irving Kaufman, is a Jew, and the defendants were Jews; and to prove that he was unbiased, he acquiesced to legal murder in the time of national hysteria and only because the be-robed and politically appointed punk was a scared and synthetic American

and a worse than no-good Jew ... I abhor the death sentence and despise the judge who proclaimed it." (March 7, 1951) (In reply to criticism for his position on the case): "Was Judge Kaufman in full command of his emotional balance when he passed sentence? Are any of us vacuumed against the witch-hunting hysteria? ..." (March 14, 1952): "The domestic Hitlers and anti-Semites will wield the degradation of the Rosenbergs as a cudgel with which to bludgeon ALL Jews ... We shall continue NOT to be silent."

M. DANZIS, then Editor, in the JEWISH DAY (April 12, 1951): "The death sentence which Judge Kaufman passed on the Rosenbergs left bitter doubts as to the justice of the verdict and above all, about the note which the judge sounded in his summary before the jury. ... The fact is, that the Rosenberg trial was Jewish throughout because of the fact that the accused, the judge, the prosecutor and the lawyer were all Jewish. The press made a point of it. In Hearst's Daily Mirror there was an editorial saying that those who do not wish to accuse all Jews of Communism because of the Rosenbergs, should not forget that the prosecutor who conducted the trial against the Rosenbergs, and the judge who condemned them to death, are themselves Jewish. In other words, that Judge Kaufman and prosecutor Saypol are atoning not only for the sins of the Rosenbergs, but of all other Jews."

"The death sentence which Judge Kaufman issued left the feeling that precisely because he is a Jew, he went to an extreme and applied the heavy hand of judgment ... There is a suspicion that the fact that Judge Kaufman is a Jew perhaps unconsciously motivated him to issue a verdict which, in the opinion of many, is considered to be unjust and brutal ... One cannot overlook the Jewish element in this unfortunate, tragic Rosenberg trial ... if the Rosenbergs are, as Judge Kaufman has said, guilty of the death of 50,000 American soldiers in Korea, one can easily hold the Rosenbergs and their like responsible for the atom war against America."

"Was Judge Kaufman considered to what his speech can lead?"

H. LEIVIK, well-known Yiddish poet, in the JEWISH DAY, (April 16, 1951): "What led the judge to give the extreme penalty (to Ethel Rosenberg)? Is it not perhaps the fact that the judge is a Jew and the defendants are Jews? The judge was confronted with the bitter fact that those tried for treason were Jews. He himself, a Jew struggled with his duty to be objective and did not have the strength to rise above himself, did not have the power to free himself from today's heated tensions in the land, and was also afraid that perhaps, if he were not to give them the death penalty, he would be suspected of not having done so because he is a Jew ... Precisely because against the accused Jews stood Jewish accusers and a Jewish judge, whose loyalty to America is beyond a shadow of a doubt -- precisely because the judge should have been free from every Jewish complex - he should under no circumstances have issued the death sentence in this trial against the mother of two children... It is hard to accept the severity of the verdict ... The death penalty should be changed."

LOUIS HARAP, Managing Editor of JEWISH LIFE, (January 1952): "It has been said that no anti-Semitism intruded into the trial itself. But this is to overlook the fact that Irving Saypol, the Jewish prosecutor, did not permit a single Jew, of the three hundred jurors in the panel, to sit on the jury ... Irving Saypol as is now widely known, was admonished by the Court of Appeals in August 1951, for his appeals, to 'racial prejudice' against a Jewish witness in the Remington case."

In an article in the CANADIAN JEWISH WEEKLY (February 28, 1952): "A study of the details of the case shows that it will go down in history as a parallel to the Dreyfus case -- and the Sacco-Vanzetti case."

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For additional material and inquiries, write to NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York-18, N.Y.

RECEIVED 11.25.52  
FROM CSNY 426  
1. PAC

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 1, 1952

FROM : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SUBJECT:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

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Date information received November 24, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

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## Unpublished facts on the Rosenberg Case.

1. U235 the technical name for the splitting of an atom of the uranium type was formulated, checked, tested and placed in an application for a time Italy Patent by the fascists employed scientists in 1933, one should furthermore know that Italy then was seeking for a Italy in with which to use to commercially develop the discovery without getting it (here) from Belgian Congo or Germany, etc.
2. Scientific papers had been published before on the subject, and many scientists throughout the world was conversant with the theory of electrons being a source for splitting an atom.
3. That the same scientists working thru their Government 1935 applied for United States Patents in this country 1935, and in other countries, they tried to conceal the military nature of the case but Carl Ditz's Book on Science and Men of Science published long before the A Bomb was exploded shows that the research on the subject was no secret from scientists..
4. The rapid development of the so-called A Bomb was not a brain child of American Scientists alone, in fact, the Liberal Women who brought the idea to Norway and from there it was brought here and it's introduction as a study effort in 1941 to President Roosevelt thru Prof Albert Einstein and others was a much belated effort.. also that the Scientists who worked on the Bomb could not have completed it so quick after the war ended in Germany to have been able to drop it on Japan ( two cities) a few weeks later. They no doubt had tested it and knew in advance of the End of the War with Germany, but it would not be good to drop it on Germany for the radiation to drift West to the Troops of the Soviet Union home, not make further enemies of the People of Germany..white as they are; therefore, dropping the Bomb on Japan was a more desirable thing for the future Keep the Men of Color Down Theory.
5. A study of the Intelligence method of all European Countries especially England has shown that if one of their spies are caught that spy must never admit spying for Great Britain. Such a being in the employ of the British could not have been working for the Soviet Union because as such he would have been returned to the United States for Execution, or trial, instead he was given ten years and still unknown may work with the British Atomic Bomb makers... The Conservative Wing of the Labor Party did not want the voters to know they were making an A Bomb, nor did they get what they wanted from the U.S. However, the so-called secrets secured from a man who Kuchs said helped him were no secrets at all as far as the theory of the double explosion is concerned to substitute for electronic heat to split the atom, any child of science would know that if so many degrees of electrically produced heat was necessary to split an atom, all that would be necessary for an explosion far from an atom would be to set off an inner explosion to pre-heat the atomic substance to be split and develop the gas necessary to mix with the air above the explosion was timed to take place. Kuchs statement of his children for the Present Rulers of Russia indicates that he was not a member of the CP, nor a friend of EU.



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JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT:

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NEWS RELEASE

For release SUNDAY WORKER

Sunday, November 23

From:  
Yorkville-  
East Side  
Compass  
Club.....

(Not possible in Sunday issue,  
will be run in Daily on Monday  
(page))

Mrs. Evelyn Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, now under 30 year prison sentence as a co-defendant in the Rosenberg case, will reveal the little known "facts behind the facts" in the sensational trial, as well as up-to-the-minute developments, this Friday evening, November 28, at a public forum conducted by the Yorkville-East Side Compass Club.

Having attended practically every session of this long and internationally famous trial, Mrs. Sobell probably knows more about the details of the case than any person other than Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, themselves, and their attorneys. She will report on the current moves to save the lives of the Rosenbergs and the possibilities for Presidential commutation of the death sentence. Her report will be followed by a discussion period, and the public is invited to attend and bring their questions. The forum will be held at Yorkville Temple (Wilson Room), 157 East 86th Street, Manhattan, at 8.30 p.m.

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10/19

FROM: TV NEWS BUREAU TO S. J. ROSE  
CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
Room 2 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 15  
PA 7-5000

FOR RELEASE: 10/19/54, 10/19/54, 10/19/54

Joining their voices to the national  
and international protest against the ~~death~~ death sentence  
for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, thousands of cultural workers  
will participate in a theatre rally to obtain clemency for the  
Rosenbergs on November 18th at the Palm Garden, 306 West 33d  
Street.

"From the Record", a living newspaper  
dramatization by Ted Pollack, author of "Sinking in Japan",  
and "Midnight Visitor", a dramatic sketch by Howard Elises,  
lyricist, writer, and producer will highlight the evening's  
program.

Nelson Algren, Waldo Frank, Ray Law,  
Bischoff Hackett, David Barlink, Martin Jules, and Max Gober-  
man are among the sponsors of the rally, tickets for which  
may be obtained at Room 2 1050 Avenue of the Americas, or by  
phone at PA 7-5000.

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100-107111

THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
Room 2 1050 Avenue of the Americas

New York 18, New York

Murray Hill 7-5800

FOR RELEASE: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1952

Howard AnSilva, and Morris Karnovsky, noted screen and stage actors, will appear in a dramatic sketch dealing with the Rosenberg Case, entitled "MIDNIGHT VISIT", written by Edward Bliscu, at a special Theatre Rally on Wednesday, November 13th, at Palm Garden, 808 West 52d Street.

The event has been arranged by a group of outstanding writers, actors, musicians, and artists to urge executive clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, now awaiting reconsideration by the U S Supreme Court on their appeal from their death sentence for alleged espionage.

Among the distinguished sponsors of the Rally are: Nelson Algren, Shirley T DuBois, Philip Barbour, Guido Frank, Arnold M'Neane, Max Goberman, Basiloff Leitch, Marvin Jules, Jack Levine, Ring Lardner, Jr., Ray Lev, Arthur Hollock, Paul Robeson and many others.

Tickets for the Rally are priced at \$1.00 and may be obtained at Room 2, 1050 Avenue of the Americas or by phoning Murray Hill 7-5800.

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THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
Room 2 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York MU 7-5360

FOR RELEASE: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14th, 1952

Paul Eluard, noted French poet, has added his voice to the many internationally prominent persons demanding clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, now facing death on the charge of espionage.

In a message to the sponsors of the THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS, Eluard declared: "The lives of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg must be saved. Justice and peace demand it. I can only believe that all of us together, for our own sake, will save them."

The Theatre Rally will be held Wednesday evening, November 19th at Palm Garden, 306 West 52d Street and will feature a host of talented stage, screen and radio stars in the drive to obtain clemency for the Rosenbergs. 19

Tickets for the Rally are priced at \$1.00 and may be obtained at Room 2, 1050 Avenue of the Americas, or by phoning Murray Hill 7-5360.

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Paul Eluard

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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FROM CSNY 426

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PLACE  
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STAMP  
HERE

PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN

The White House

Washington, D. C.

263

PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN  
THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

I respectfully urge that you save the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

I believe that the death sentence was unusually severe, particularly in view of the milder 10-year sentences given to Tokyo Rose and Axis Sally, who were convicted of the more serious crime of treason.

I hope that you grant the Rosenbergs Executive Clemency.

Sincerely,



## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
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100-107111

MU 7-5360

# Theatre Rally to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs

Room 2, 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York

ACCOUNT

NOV 25 1952

RECEIPT No. 66105

*Adopt  
ap*

## Sponsors

Nelson Algren  
Dr. Dorothy Brew  
David Burluk  
Morris Carnovsky  
Howard daSilva  
Ossie Davis  
Ruby Dee  
Shirley G. DuBois  
Arnaud D'Usseau  
Edward Eliscu  
Waldo Frank  
Robert Gwathmey  
Dashiell Hammett  
Mervin Jules  
Rockwell Kent  
Frank Kleinholz  
Peter Lawrence  
Ray Lev  
Anton Refregier  
Arthur Pollock  
Paul Robeson  
Martin Wolfson

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*4413*  
*APR 11 1953*

# MERCY for the ROSENBERGS

By ABRAHAM CRONBACH

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*Dr. Cronbach is a distinguished rabbi and scholar. He is a former professor of Social Science and the author of several books on peace. Rabbi Cronbach is the Honorary Chairman of the Jewish Peace Fellowship.*

---

*Published by*

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

**T**HE American people are a merciful people. American sympathies are ever awakened by human suffering. In a thousand ways, among which our vast benevolences furnish glorious examples. Americans have demonstrated that they are warm-hearted and not hard-hearted. Brotherhood is our ideal, recurrently acclaimed within our several religions as well as by our unchurched. All of us have, at times, fallen short of those ideals. But, deep in our souls, we cherish those ideals. Rare is the American who does not honor mercy and does not revere brotherhood.

Also among American ideals is that of loyalty to the United States. Sometimes religious ideals and national ideals conflict, and devout people occasionally affirm that there is a law of God which is higher than the law of the state. This is not our own position. Most of us defer to the laws of the state without reservation. The laws of the state should be obeyed. To the laws of the state, everyone owes allegiance.

Julius and Ethel Rosenberg have been convicted of a law violation. Large numbers of people look upon this conviction as unjust, like the conviction of Leo Frank or Alfred Dreyfus or others who, though pronounced guilty, were subsequently proved innocent. Some deem Julius and Ethel Rosenberg innocent. There are also those who, while non-committal as to the couple's guilt or innocence, do nonetheless insist that the trial was unfairly conducted. Persons versed in the law have pointed out what they regard as improprieties in the proceedings. But we shall waive all this. Let us concede that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg did commit the crime with which they are charged. Let us grant that the trial entailed no breach of justice. Still, is it compatible with the finest in the American spirit that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg be put to death?

It is argued that, through the betrayal of atomic secrets by the Rosenbergs, Russia gained a military advantage. That the act alleged of the Rosenbergs imparted to Russia any military advantage has, by no means, been proved. But granted that such advantage for Russia might have ensued, others convicted of the identical crime—Fuchs, Greenglass, Gold, Sobell, Slack, Simons, May, Brothman—have not been sentenced to die; they have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment. If the death penalty was, in those other cases, not requisite for our national defense, why should it be so regarded in the case of the Rosenbergs?

## UNIQUE FACTORS

**T**HE misdeed imputed to the Rosenbergs is said to have had its inception in 1944 and 1945. At that time, the United States and Russia were allies. It is difficult to see why Russia should, at that time, have found espionage at all necessary. The United States was, at that time, sharing its military secrets with Russia as it was with England and with Canada. As matter of public record, Harry Hopkins himself, at that period, mediated the transfer of nuclear materials to the Soviets. The law against atomic espionage does not, it is true, distinguish between a friendly power and a hostile power. It forbids the betrayal of atomic secrets to any foreign power. But must the punishment be made equally severe in both

instances? There is a huge difference between a friendly power and a hostile power. In the breadth of that difference, is there no room for mercy?

The law violation of which the Rosenbergs are accused is alleged to have occurred at a time when the atomic bomb was unknown to everyone except a few highly trained experts; it was prior to Hiroshima. The day after Hiroshima, all of us knew about the atomic bomb. Previous to Hiroshima, none of us knew. Even if the Rosenbergs did conspire to betray atomic secrets, they could not possibly have comprehended the import of what they were doing. Clemency to the Rosenbergs can, in no way, constitute a precedent against the death sentence for future infractions. The factors in the case are utterly unique. Never can those same factors recur.

All of this applies regardless of what might be said about the people by whom the Rosenbergs are being aided. Among those seeking to save the Rosenbergs are people of all political parties, several religious cults, and various walks of life. All of them are people like the reader and the writer of these words, Americans whose interest lie in America, who have everything to gain if America gains and everything to lose if America loses. By no stretch of the imagination, can any friend of the Rosenbergs, in any way, profit by anything through which America is injured.

The sinister word "Communism" has entered into the situation. There are words which, by a kind of fatal spell, dissipate thought and generate fury. Among such words, "Communism" plays at present a dreadful role. The word conveys so many different meanings that it has become almost void of meaning but, the less meaning a word holds, the greater sometimes its potency for passions which unbalance thinking.

## THE OMINOUS WORD

**L**ONG before the cold war began, a communist was understood to be someone who aims to overthrow the United States government "by force and violence." Our imbroglio with Russia has, during the last seven years, woefully intensified this charge. A communist is now asserted to be someone who promotes the interests of Russia in opposition to the interests of the United States. Would it be out of place to ask the reader: Have you ever met anyone who advocated the overthrow of the United States? Have you ever read any book, article or pamphlet which urged such overthrow? Have you ever heard any public speaker recommend such overthrow? It is sometimes maintained that people harbor such designs but keep them secret, forbearing to express them openly. Yet how can we possibly know anyone's unexpressed thoughts? With equal warrant, one might accuse, of clandestine subversiveness, Dwight Eisenhower, Adlai E. Stevenson, Harry S. Truman or Robert A. Taft. Still, let us suppose that the friends of the Rosenbergs consist only of traitors. How does that touch the merits of the Rosenberg case? How does that alter the preciousness of mercy? Must the Rosenbergs suffer because of the sins of their friends?

The truth will have to be sought in the sinuosities of the human mind. Every life is beset with frustrations. All of us suffer vexation and disappointment. Psychologists have studied the tendency of organisms, whether human or animal, to retaliate for frustrations by striking back. If the organism can not reach its real offender, it attacks some substitute, some "displacement," as the psychologists call it; like the man who, reprimanded by his employer, yet not daring to answer his employer, comes home and vents his spleen on his wife and his children; or like the boy who resented the domination of his father but, powerless to get even with his father, waited twenty-five years and shot down "Father" Abraham. That boy's name was John Wilkes Booth. This displacement of grievances is a familiar psychological phenomenon. Unable to get at those who are the real causes of our woes, we wreak vengeance on scapegoats.

## OUR BASIC TROUBLE

FOR some people, the scapegoat is the Jew. For others, it is the Catholic. For still others, it is the "capitalists" or "Wall Street." The favorite scapegoat of the present hour is the "communists." This does not deny that there really are people who call themselves communists and who feverishly advance extreme theories about the obligations of the privileged toward the under-privileged. Most of us Americans dissent from those theories, even though the Republican Party and the Democratic Party to which we belong may count, among their followers, people holding views but lightly less radical. The fact is that the opinions propounded by the communists have little to do with the conflict. Communism is, for us, hardly a vehicle of political or economic ideas. It has grown to be an unconscious symbol of the troubles which embitter our lives.

Regrettably the Rosenberg case has become implicated with that deadly word. Were the case to be judged on its merits, a great swell of protest would arise against the sentence of death. Public opinion would encourage and support the President in commuting the sentence.\* The issue has unhappily gotten entangled in clichés which cause Americans to forget that Americans are merciful.

One is reminded of the adage, "Know thyself." If we would look deeply into our souls, we might find that our troubles are rooted not in the "communists" but in the frustrations of our private lives. Once aware of this, we would recall words spoken more than nine decades ago by the noblest American of them all. Ours would then be the hope that America's splendid ideals of mercy and of brotherhood will yet reign within all hearts "when again touched, as surely they will be, by the better angels of our nature."

\* The case can not come before the President until all juridical expedients have been exhausted. The Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case is engaged in raising funds to finance an appeal to the Supreme Court and, if granted, a new trial.

RECEIVED 11 24 52  
FROM CSNY 48947

11-3  
K. 7.13



## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 1, 1952

FROM : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SUBJECT:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received November 24, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

- (X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial                       
Exhibit #
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Description of exhibit:

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ON 2-20-83 BY SP-10

-107111

100-107111-271

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 1 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

## PRESS RELEASE

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.  
BRyant 9-9694

for immediate release  
November 19, 1952

### ENGLISH UNIONS URGE CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS

#### SPONSORS (Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Alman  
Dr. Herbert Apthaker  
Ivan Von Auw  
Dr. Edward K. Barsky  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alicia Hill Byrne  
John F. Clewe  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
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B. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbria  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
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Dr. Bernard Lubka  
Dr. John Marsalta  
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Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Waltfish

New York, N.Y. - - The London Trades Council, representing 600,000 English trade union members in the London area, and other labor groups in England, have joined the growing world movement for clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, the Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs was informed by cable yesterday. The English unionists' action followed the Supreme Court's refusal to grant a hearing to the young couple.

The North London District Committee of the Amalgamated Engineering Union urged the release of the Rosenbergs and called on the national executive officers of the union, one of the largest in Great Britain, to take up the Rosenberg clemency question with leaders of the Labor Party and the Trade Union Congress.

The Gatoshead Branch of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, a cable to the Rosenberg Committee reported, has wired President Truman asking a new trial for the Rosenbergs.

Before officers of the influential London Trades Council voted their clemency action, they heard a representative of the British Association of Scientific Workers declare that it would have been impossible for the Rosenbergs to carry out  
(more)

the alleged crimes without having expert scientific knowledge."

In addition to the union bodies' actions, cabled messages to the Rosenberg Committee reported that the first of a number of scheduled picket lines marched before the American Embassy in Grosvenor Square calling for "a new trial for the Rosenbergs."

A photograph of the picket line in London newspapers showed pickets carrying signs reading, "Krupp Gets 30 Million Pounds - Rosenbergs - The Death Sentence - But We Can Stop It!" Another picket sign said, "We Demand A Fair Trial For the Rosenberg Couple."

Additional British clomoney appeals reported to the Rosenberg Committee follow:

Fifty oil refinery workers on the Isle of Grain sent a telegram to the American Embassy calling for a retrial for the Rosenbergs - "convicted on a trumped-up spying charge."

A telegram from 30 London dock-workers, Royal Albert Group, to the American Embassy asked a "stay of execution."

A group of shop workers in London's West End sent the following telegram to the American Embassy: "We protest against sentences passed on Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and ask for their immediate release in the name of true democracy."

# # # # #

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman  
DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PRESS RELEASE

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.  
BRyant 9-9694

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE  
November 18, 1952

SUPREME COURT REFUSAL TO REVIEW ROSENBERG CASE A TRAGIC  
BUT NOT IRREVOCABLE ERROR, SAYS COMMITTEE.

## SPONSORS (Partial List)

Carlson Algren  
Emily Almen  
Dr. Herbert Aptheker  
van Van Auw  
Dr. Edward K. Barsky  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Clewe  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojack  
D. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbrie  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubka  
Dr. John Marselka  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Jois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Weltfish

## APPEALS FOR CLEMENCY

"The refusal of the Supreme Court to review the  
Rosenberg Case is a tragic, but not an irrevocable error,"  
the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg  
Case said today through its Chairman, Joseph Brainin and  
Executive Secretary, David Alman.

"This tragic mistake can be, and must be, corrected by  
President Truman through the exercise of Executive Clemency.

"We believe that the President will be responsive to the  
plea for clemency already joined in by hundreds of thousands  
of Americans, providing that the number is multiplied by  
many times.

"We believe that the President will respect the unanimity  
of the entire Jewish press and the noted religious and civic  
figures who have become part of the great movement for  
clemency now stirring the country.

"We call upon the scores of Rosenberg Committees throughout  
the country to appeal to their fellow citizens through ads,  
radio, television, public meetings, letters and other means.

(more)

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 1, 1952

FROM : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SUBJECT:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received November 24, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

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- (X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial             
Exhibit #
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Description of exhibit:

*100-107111-272*

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 1 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*4915*  
*SPOTX 107111*

# Theatre Rally to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs

Room 2, 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York

November 17th, 1953

Dear Mr. Patterson

Enclosed are two tickets for the Theatre Rally on Wednesday evening.

Especially in view of the finality of today's rejection by the Supreme Court of the Rosenberg appeal, we urge and hope that you will be able to attend.

Sincerely,

*Peter Lawrence*  
Peter Lawrence

## Sponsors

Nelson Algren  
Dr. Dorothy Brewster  
David Burliuk  
Morris Carnovsky  
Howard daSilva  
Ossie Davis  
Ruby Dee  
Shirley G. DuBois  
Arnaud D'Usseau  
Edward Eliscu  
Waldo Frank  
Robert Gwathmey  
Dashiell Hamunett  
Merrin Jules  
Rockwell Kent  
Frank Kleinholz  
Peter Lawrence  
Ray Lev  
Anton Refregier  
Arthur Pollock  
Paul Robeson  
Martin Wolfson

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO           

DATE: December 1, 1952

FROM : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SUBJECT:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Description of exhibit:

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**100-107111-273**

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# Theatre Rally to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs

Room 2, 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York

November 10th, 1952

Dear Friend:

The Rosenbergs face death.

We cannot allow this savage sentence, unprecedented in all of American history to be carried out.

We cannot allow the Rosenbergs to die while grave doubts persist and multiply as to the fairness of their trial.

We cannot allow another Sacco and Vanzetti execution in our time.

Only the urgent appeal for clemency of good people throughout our country can save them now.

Join with us at a

**THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS**

**TIME:** Wednesday, November 19th, 8:30 PM

**PLACE:** Palm Garden, 306 West 52d Street

Order your tickets at once by filling out the blank below and returning it to the above address. Or reserve tickets by calling Murray Hill 7-5360. May we hear from you immediately?

Sincerely,

*Peter Lawrence*  
Peter Lawrence  
for the THEATRE RALLY

## Sponsors

Nelson Algren  
Dr. Dorothy Brewster  
David Burliuk  
Morris Carnovsky  
Howard daSilva  
Ossie Davis  
Ruby Dee  
Shirley G. DuBois  
Arnaud D'Usseau  
Edward Eliscu  
Waldo Frank  
Robert Gwathmey  
Dashiell Hammett  
Mervin Jules  
Rockwell Kent  
Frank Kleinholz  
Peter Lawrence  
Ray Lev  
Anton Refregier  
Arthur Pollock  
Paul Robeson  
Martin Wolfson

Please send \_\_\_\_\_ tickets at \$1.00 each for the THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS.

Enclosed is check for \$ \_\_\_\_\_. Check will be sent upon receipt of tickets.

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_



for humanity's sake...

# DON'T LET THEM DIE!

come to a

## THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

FEATURING "FROM THE RECORD" - a living newspaper  
"MIDNIGHT VISITOR" - a dramatic sketch  
SONGS OF FREEDOM

### SPEAKERS

Paul Robeson

### PARTICIPANTS

Phoebe Brand, Morris Carnovsky, Howard daSilva  
Ken Harvey, John T. Mellanus, Al Hess, Marjorie  
Nelson, Martha Schlamm, Helen Sobell, and others

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 19th 8:30pm PALM GARDEN 306W52 st.

TICKETS MAY BE OBTAINED AT: Room 2 1050 Avenue of the Americas  
OR PHONE: Murray Hill 7-5360

### PARTIAL LIST OF SPONSORS

Nelson Algren Dr Dorothy Brewster David  
Burlinck Morris Carnovsky Howard daSilva  
Ossie Davis Ruby Dee Shirley G DuBois  
Arnaud D'Usseau Edward Eliscu Philip  
Evergood Howard Fast Melde Frank Max  
Goberman Robert Gwathmey Dashiell  
Hammott Mervin Jules Rockwell Kent  
Frank Kleinholz Peter Lawrence Ray Lov  
Jack Levine Sam Moore Anton Refregior  
Paul Robeson

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 1, 1952

FROM : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT:

( ) CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

(X) CSNY 426, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National State and N. Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received November 24, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

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(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial           
Exhibit#         

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

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DECLASSIFIED BY 4813  
ON 2/20/78 BY 65720

THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
Room 2 1060 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York Murray Hill 7-5360

FOR RELEASE: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1952

Paul Robeson will participate in a special THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS on Wednesday, November 19th at the Palm Garden, 306 West 52d Street. Other participants in the evening of dramatic sketches and songs include Morris Carnovsky., Howard daSilva, Martha Schlama, Milroy Ingraham, Lou Gilbert, Al Moss, Ken Harvey, Virginia Downing and Dewitt Drury.

"From the Record", a living newspaper re-enacting dramatic scenes from the trial of the Rosenbergs will be presented under the direction of Will Lee. A dramatic fantasy, "Midnight Visitor", written by Edward Eliscu, will also be a highlight of the program.

Among the many sponsors of the Rally are Nelson Algren, David Burluk, Ossie Davis, Ruby Dee, Shirley G DuBois, Arnaud D'Usseau, Philip Evergood, Howard Fast, Waldo Frank, Max Goberman, Robert Gwathmey, Daghiell Barnett, Mervin Jules, Rockwell Kent, Peter Lawrence, Ray Lov, Jack Levine, Sam Moore, and Anton Refregier.

likening the Rosenberg Case to the Dreyfus and Sacco-Vanzetti cases, leaders of the Rally have declared that: "Ethel and Julius Rosenberg must not die. Every American, for his own sake, should urge that clemency be granted."

Tickets priced at \$1.00 may be obtained at Room 2, 1060 Avenue of the Americas or by phoning Murray Hill 7-5360.

FROM: THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
Room 2 1540 Avenue of the Americas  
New York 18, New York Murray Hill 7-5300

FOR RELEASE: MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17th, 1952

The spirit of Emile Zola and Edna St. Vincent Millay will be present at the Theatre Rally on November 19th at the Palm Garden.

For just as those two and scores of others brought all their talents to bear in the fight for Dreyfus and Sacco and Vanzetti, so today a host of persons in the art fields will bring their talents to a special THEATRE RALLY TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG.

A veritable flood of material was evoked by the Sacco-Vanzetti Case. More than 60 poets used their poems to decri the miscarriage of justice. Three outstanding plays were written and from 1927 to 1946 no less than nine novels were written about that case.

Also in the Dreyfus Case, Anatole France, Marcel Proust, Mark Twain, Leo Tolstol, and many others fought with Emile Zola in Dreyfus' defense.

The struggle to save the lives of the Rosenbergs moved American writers to create, in increasing numbers, poems, songs, and dramatic plays. The best of these will be used at the Theatre Rally on November 19th and will be presented by outstanding ~~artists~~ artists such as Paul Robeson, Howard daSilva, Morris Carnovsky, Martha Solomon and others.

Among the distinguished artists who are sponsoring the Rally are Nelson Algren, David Burlick, Shirley C. DuBois, Arnold D'Usseau, Waldo Frank, Robert Gwathmey, DanIEL Harnett, Rockwell Kent, Ring Lardner, Jr., Ray Lev and Ashton Refregier.

250 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 1, 1952

Mr. Paul Hollister  
277 Park Avenue  
New York 17, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Hollister:

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you for your letter of November 26, 1952 including material requested by this office.

Your interest in submitting this information to us is greatly appreciated.

TJM:IM  
100-107111

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111-275

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 276 DATE 12/1/52

CONSISTING OF 1 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

# TRANSFER SHEET

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(12-1-49)

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DATE 5-15-53

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100-107111

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100-107111-F53

SPECIAL AGENT

RECHARGE

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TO \_\_\_\_\_

FROM \_\_\_\_\_



United States Department of Justice  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

290 Broadway  
New York, New York

IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO

FILE No. \_\_\_\_\_

November 28, 1952

Miss Mary P. Flynn  
71 West 121st Street  
New York, New York

Dear Miss Flynn:

I wish to acknowledge your letter of  
November 26, 1952.

The interest and courtesy which prompted you  
to address this communication to me are indeed appreciated.

Very truly yours,

*L. Boardman*  
LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111-278

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SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 1 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*File*



UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

RECORDED & INDEXED  
EX-100  
NEW YORK  
290 Broadway  
New York, New York

RECORDED & INDEXED  
NEW YORK - NEW YORK

Miss Mary P. Flynn  
71 West 121st Street  
New York, New York



PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE TO AVOID  
PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, \$300

CHURCH ST  
STATION

6-16  
7/13/52

New York, N.Y.  
December 2, 1952

Memo Re: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

On Saturday, November 22, 1952, at four in the afternoon, at the corner of Norfolk and Delancey Streets, the writer, SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ, attended a meeting to save the Rosenbergs, sponsored by the Manhattan Branch of the LABOR YOUTH LEAGUE.

The New York City police, of which there were four present, kept the listeners on the ~~xx~~ side-walk, and they patrolled an aisle near the building line. The result was that those who wanted to listen had to stand two abreast from Norfolk Street south toward Delancey Street. From ten to thirty people were in front of the speakers stand at any one time, but since only the first ten people, or so, could hear over the noise of the Delancey Street traffic, they soon moved on.

The writer could not participate in a meeting of so few people, so he passed back and forth.

The main speaker was a tall, dark young man, who was introduced as Mr. Riesen (ph) of the Manhattan LABOR YOUTH LEAGUE. This speaker made a very vehement speech against Miles Lane. He called Lane "a rat and fascist whose big-time salary is payment for the death sentence of the Rosenbergs... A filthy racketeer and big-time fascist, who will be among those in power when the nazis get control of this country". The man went on to say that the frame-up against the Rosenbergs was a frame-up against all decent people. He said Forrestal and John Foster Dulles hope to use their deaths to bring fascism to the United States. He cried out: "Put the big industrialists in jail. They make money from blood, not the Rosenbergs".

A young, short, stocky, dark woman with a "Buster Brown" hair-do, and an elderly woman, short, greying hair, frowsy, spoke. The gist of what they said was that the Rosenbergs are heroes who fought for the interests of the common people and who "die because they fought for peace". They were very bitter about Ruth Greenglass who is free.

cc: 100-95240 (LABOR YOUTH LEAGUE)

HNR  
100-107111

100-107111-279

The two women dwelt particularly on identifying the Rosenbergs with all Jews and workers. "If they die then all Jews, all trade unionists, all communists will be called spies". Recently a Rabbi was attacked, and a girl was raped, on the East Side. "If they dare to pull the switch on the Rosenbergs will it be safe for a Jew to walk the streets? If the Rosenbergs are killed they will not be afraid to rape Jewish girls." "Fascism will not succeed in the United States if you save the Rosenbergs". "If they live then you will find out that the frame-up against them is a lie". "The reason they want to kill the Rosenbergs is to build up a war scare and hysteria; to build up a war fear".

Accompanying the speakers stand was a large truck from the Metropolitan Distributors, 501 10th Avenue. On the side of the truck was a poster: "Save The Rosenbergs, victims of War Hysteria. Protest The Frame-Ups."

*Accompanying this memo is a throw-away distributed at the meeting. The throw-away was in the form of a Western Union telegram to the President:*

Charge-out  
FD-5 (10-10-55)

FILE

☐

Pending

☒

Closed

Classification <i>100</i>	Case No. <i>107111</i>	Last Serial	Date <i>4/13/56</i>
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Serials and dates requested

*Serial 280*

Noted to be missing on file review. Probably skipped  
or transferred. Please advise chief File Supervisor  
of any ref. thereto.

RECHARGE

Employee

To	From	Date
----	------	------

Employee

Location

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 2, 1952

[REDACTED] b7D  
Dear [REDACTED] b7D

Thank you for the material enclosed with your letter of November 28, 1952. You may be assured that it will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

*W*  
*act*  
100-107111

100-111791-287



290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 2, 1952

Mr. George W. Whiteside  
25 Broadway  
New York 4, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Whiteside:

Thank you for your letter of November 28, 1952, with  
enclosures.

Your interest in forwarding me the information contained  
in your letter is indeed appreciated. You may be assured that  
it will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

TJM:DM

100-107111

*McK*

100-107111-282

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 2, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VERY HQ, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-mentioned subject, obtained from the building located at 25 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received December 1, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE D. A. CHESSEIR

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial             
Exhibit #           

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

**100-107111-283**

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 2 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

## PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release  
November 21, 1952

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

BRant 9-9894

MORTON SOBELL ORDERED TO ALCATRAZ

CHARGE GOVERNMENT PLAN TO END HIS LEGAL FIGHT

### SPONSORS (Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Alman  
Dr. Herbert Aptheker  
Ivan Von Auv  
Dr. Edward K. Barsky  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Claws  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojack  
B. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbrie  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubka  
Dr. John Marsalka  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Wolfish

New York, N.Y. - Morton Sobell, who was tried with

Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and sentenced to thirty years imprisonment, is scheduled to be sent to Alcatraz, the National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs has learned.

The Committee, in a statement released here, charged that "transfer of Morton Sobell to Alcatraz now will prevent him from consulting with his lawyers at a time when they are preparing new legal motions.

The Rosenberg Committee also asked why "the prosecution wishes to send Sobell three thousand miles away from his wife and children to a prison for the most hardened, notorious criminals in the country." It pointed out that there are many federal prisons in the East in which Sobell can be confined.

Mrs. Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, who for two years has played a major role in the campaign to win a new trial for her husband and Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, and is now a leading figure in the campaign to secure Executive Clemency for the Rosenbergs, said that the transfer of her husband to Alcatraz was the latest and severest step in a protracted effort by the  
(more)



government to torture her husband into "confessing to a crime he has never committed," and to make it impossible for her to continue her work on behalf of justice for Morton and the Rosenbergs."

The Rosenberg Committee asked for wires and letters to Attorney General James P. McGranery, Justice Department, Washington, D.C., urging his intervention to stop Sobell's transfer to Alcatraz.

# # #

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 284 DATE 12/2/52

CONSISTING OF 1 PAGE

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 3, 1952

C. Ward Crampton, M.D.  
1035 Park Avenue  
Corner 86th Street  
New York 28, N.Y.

Dear Dr. Crampton:

Thank you for forwarding to this office the material  
received by you.

Your interest in making this information available to us  
is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

*Jact*  
TJM:IM  
100-107111

100-107111-285

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 3, 1952

Mr. Harold Kirschner  
3021 Avenue X  
Brooklyn, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Kirschner:

Thank you for forwarding to this office the material  
received by you.

Your interest in making this information available to  
us is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

TJM:IM  
100-107111

*[Handwritten signature]*  
*[Handwritten initials]*

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

*[Handwritten initials]*  
100-107111-286

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: 12/3/52

FROM : SA THOMAS J. McANDREWS (100-107111)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

[REDACTED] New York Herald Tribune, telephonically contacted SA Harold K. Light, New York Office, at 11:03, 12/3/52.

[REDACTED] advised he had received a telegram signed by JOSEPH BRAININ, stating in part:

"OUR COMMITTEE IS PREPARING TO PLACE A FULL PAGE AD SEEKING CLEARANCE FOR THE ROSENBERG CASE REGARDLESS OF COSTS AND LEGAL RESTRICTIONS OF COURTESY."

[REDACTED] desired to know if we could furnish him information which would enable him to turn down this ad.

At the instructions of Mr. Whelan I telephonically contacted Inspector John J. McGuire at the Bureau at 11:45 this date and presented the above information. Mr. McGuire consulted with Mr. Nichols and advised we should inform [REDACTED] that the NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE was originally sponsored by the "National Guardian" and its activities are advocated in the "Daily Worker".

I advised [REDACTED] of the above and stated that of course this Bureau could make no recommendation as to what course he should follow. b7c

[REDACTED] He indicated he would desire to accept no advertising.

At 12:15 P.M. upon the instructions of Inspector McGuire, I also advised [REDACTED] that the NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE was also sponsored by the Civil Rights Congress which appears on the Attorney General's list of subversive organizations.

100-107111-287

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 3 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Harmon

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 3, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: SAC, Newark (100-36202)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN  
THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C  
-----

Confidential Informant NK 18304-S, of known reliability, reported to the Newark Office on 11/20/52 the following information regarding the activity of LEWIS MOROZE, Executive Secretary of the New Jersey Civil Rights Congress, in behalf of the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case or, as it is now known, the Committee to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs. The purpose of this letter to demonstrate the efforts of the Civil Rights Congress to influence Jewish organizations in the matter of the clemency appeal for the ROSENBERGS.

The Informant reported that MOROZE conferred with Rabbi MOSESSESON (phonetic) of Newark, N.J., who is associated with some council of Rabbis, regarding the obtaining of the names of Rabbis who would aid Dr. LEONARD TUSHNET of Irvington, N.J. in the work of the committee to free the ROSENBERGS. According to the Informant, Rabbi MOSESSESON advised MOROZE that the matter of the ROSENBERGS had been taken up at a recent council meeting and it had been decided not to speak in the name of the council but to leave action if any in the hands of the individual Rabbis themselves. Rabbi MOSESSESON suggested that MOROZE send material on the Rosenberg Committee to one Dr. MAX CHUENWALT of 190 Millburn Ave., Millburn, N.J., who is on a subcommittee which handles this type of matter.

According to the Informant, LEW MOROZE also conferred with Rabbi BENJAMIN PLOTKIN of Jersey City, N.J., regarding the Rosenberg Case. MOROZE discussed with Rabbi PLOTKIN an article he reported as having seen in the "Jewish Day" and in the New York Times which indicated that a number of leading Rabbis from Israel had sent an appeal to President TRUMAN on behalf of the ROSENBERGS. MOROZE also mentioned that a number of leading Rabbis in the Newark area had sent letters to President TRUMAN in behalf of the ROSENBERGS. Rabbi PLOTKIN told MOROZE that he had discussed the Rosenberg Case with some of his congregation and was surprised to determine that everyone was sympathetic toward them. MOROZE was anxious to have Rabbi PLOTKIN sign a joint statement in behalf of the ROSENBERGS which was to be reviewed by Rabbi PLOTKIN.

CC: 1 - New York (REGISTERED MAIL)  
NK 100-32233 (LEWIS MOROZE)

REGISTERED MAIL

100-104111-588

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC-8 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	



Let. to Dir.  
NK 100-36202

According to the Informant, Rabbi FLOTKIN suggested contact with a Mrs. REITMAN who is very active in the National Women's League on Social Action. It was also suggested that through Mrs. REITMAN, the Chairman of the National Women's League be contacted on this matter.

According to the Informant, later in the day MOROZE discussed the Rosenberg Case with Mrs. REITMAN and mentioned that he had seen an article in the "Jewish Day" indicating that 22 leading Rabbis in Israel had sent an appeal to President TRUMAN on behalf of the ROSENBERGS. The Informant indicated that it was Mrs. REITMAN'S opinion that there was something wrong with the Jewish people of today as they did not stand by their own people. Because a person made a mistake, she felt there was no reason for deserting them.

MOROZE advised Mrs. REITMAN that he had conversations with leading Rabbis in the Newark area and that a group of the Rabbis had taken it upon themselves to send letters to President TRUMAN asking for clemency for the ROSENBERGS. This statement it can be noted is a paraphrase of Rabbi MOESSON'S statement about the decision of the Council to leave any action in behalf of the ROSENBERGS to the individual Rabbis. Continuing his paraphrasing to suit his own ends MOROZE indicated to Mrs. REITMAN that the Rabbis of the Newark council had formed a subcommittee to look into the Rosenberg Case but were afraid to publicize their feelings due to the hysteria of the times.

It is noted that Rabbi MOESSON had merely indicated to MOROZE that the ROSENBERG matter had been referred to a subcommittee which handled that type of matter.

Mrs. REITMAN agreed to contact, by special delivery letter, Mrs. THEODORE KROEN, National Social Action Chairman, 3080 Broadway, New York City, and Mrs. MANUEL SINEB, President of the National Woman's League of United Synagogue, 3080 Broadway, New York City.

Following the contact with Mrs. REITMAN, MOROZE contacted the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case and advised them again paraphrasing the expressed intent of Mrs. REITMAN to contact the National Women's League of United Synagogue, by saying that the National Woman's League of United Synagogue at 3080 Broadway, New York City, had expressed an interest in the ROSENBERG matter and should be contacted on the National level.

Let. to Dir.  
WK 100-36202

The Informant reported that MOROZE had also sought the help of several individuals, who have been reported as being members of the Communist Party and who are in the trade union movement, in obtaining the endorsement of the Rosenberg Committee statement by prominent trade union leaders.

According to the Informant, MOROZE also conferred with JAMES IMERIE of the New Jersey Progressive Party who, according to the source, had a scheduled appointment with ALBERT EINSTEIN at Princeton, N.J. on 11/21/52. The Informant did not know the reason for IMERIE'S appointment with Professor EINSTEIN, but inasmuch as this appointment of IMERIE was of interest to LEW MOROZE who is working on the Rosenberg statement, it is believed that EINSTEIN was to be approached for a statement on the Rosenberg matter.

It is noted that MOROZE admitted to a contact that he had been unable to locate the statement which was reported to have appeared in the New York Times indicating that 22 leading Rabbis of Israel had come out for the ROSENBERGS. MOROZE indicated that he had learned that the New York Times had the story twisted and in an article denied that the two leading Rabbis had signed the statement.



# National Committee to Secure Justice in Rosenberg case - 15-C-1

Mr. Peter Stroch aka Peter Stone

144-06 68th Street, Flushing N.Y.

a member of New York Civil Defense

on 11/19/52 provided a four page tabloid

size publication "To Secure Justice" published

by the Committee to Secure Justice in Rosenberg Case

He said he obtained it from an acquaintance

he wouldn't name who received it from an

employee of Mays Department Store,

Klen Oaks, N.Y.

It was marked in red ink as to things

of interest to the F.B.I.

Abstract destroyed - Already

here - 1/15/53

SA. Frank C. Kerner

100-107111-

100-107111-289

AIR-TEL - AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

XXXXXXXX

FBI, LOS ANGELES

12-3-52

4:00 p. m.

DEFECTOR, FBI

DEFERRED

LOS ANGELES COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG  
CASE, IS - C. DAYLET. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] ACCORDING TO THE  
DAILY PEOPLE-S WORLD OF NOV. TWENTYEIGHT LAST, ALL  
ROSENBERG DEFENSE COMMITTEES THROUGHOUT THE U. S. ARE  
TO BE QUOTE CO-ORDINATED ON A NATIONWIDE LEVEL FOR THE  
LAST WEEKS OF THE CAMPAIGN TO WIN EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY  
FOR ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG UNQUOTE.

CARSON

WHP:pcn

100-43372 (DAYLET)

cc: 1 - 100-41643 (LOS ANGELES COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE)

1 - New York (Reg.)

1 - San Francisco (Reg.)

(SOURCE: [REDACTED] to SA ROBERT E. FARRELLY, [REDACTED] b7D

100-107111-520

Only 1 copy rec'd #

X  
Harrington

FBI SAN FRANCISCO 12/2/52 AIR-TEL  
DIRECTOR AM, R.O.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SAVE THE ROSENBERGS, INC., 1401 F.

[REDACTED] HAS ADVISED THAT THE BAY AREA COMMITTEE TO SAVE THE ROSENBERGS, INC. PRESENTLY IS CIRCULATING LOCAL CLERGY A MEMORIALIZED LETTER ASKING SUPPORT

OF THE CLERGY IN OPPOSE TO THE EXECUTION OF THE ROSENBERGS. THE LETTER POINTS OUT THAT MANY RELIGIOUS LEADERS IN THE U.S. AND THROUGHOUT THE WORLD HAVE RAISED THEIR VOICES IN PROTEST AGAINST THE SAVAGERY OF THE SENTENCE. THE LETTER DECLARES QUOTE WE APPEAL TO YOU AS A MAN OF GOD TO EXERCISE THOSE PRINCIPLES OF MERCY AND COMPASSION WHICH GUIDE YOU IN HIS SERVICE AND ASK THAT YOU JOIN IN THE BATTLE TO SAVE TWO HUMAN LIVES WITHOUT. THE LETTER ATTACHES A COPY OF A FOUR-PAGE MEMORIALIZED PAMPHLET ENTITLED QUOTE SAMPLING OF PUBLIC OPINION AGAINST THE DEATH SENTENCE IN THE CASE OF JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG UNQUOTE WHICH CONTAINS STATEMENTS OF DR. ROLAND H. HARTSON, YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL, CONNECTICUT. REVEREND CLAUDE E. DUFFY, RABBI DR. MEYER SHARFF, HALDO FRANK, AN AMERICAN WRITER, BURLEY COLLARD, AN ENGLISH ATTORNEY, AND PROFESSOR ANATOL RAPOPORT, A BIOLOGIST AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

BROWN

WHE:EMK  
100-35117  
OO NEW YORK (AM, REC.)  
LOS ANGELES (AM, REC.)  
SAN DIEGO (AM, REC.)  
HONOLULU (AM, REC.)  
100-27334 (CP RELATION)  
100-31160 (WYLET)

100-107111-291  
SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
DEC 5 1952  
FBI - NEW YORK

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEWARK, N. J.WGB:EDM  
100-42840

12/3/52

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

AIR - TEL

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC NEW YORK  
 COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE, IS  
 DAYLET. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT NK 1830-S REPORTS THAT  
 LEWIS MONOZE, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE N.J. CIVIL RIGHTS  
 CONGRESS, HAS SOUGHT FROM NATIONAL OFFICE OF ROSENBERG  
 COMMITTEE DETAILS ON PROPOSED TRIP TO WASHINGTON, D.C.  
 SCHEDULED FOR JANUARY 4, 1953. DETAILS NOT YET  
 AVAILABLE.

MC KEN

END

MR. BOARDMAN  
 MR. WHELAN  
 MR. HARGETT  
 MR. McLENNAN  
 MR. BRUCKNER  
 MR. FITZGERALD  
 MR. GILLESPIE  
 MR. LADD  
 MR. LEVY  
 MR. NICHOLS  
 MR. ROSEN  
 MR. TRACY  
 MR. WATSON  
 MR. WHELAN  
 MR. WILKES  
 MR. WOOD  
 CHIEF CLERK  
 TELETYPE UNIT  
 TRAINING UNIT

100-107111-292

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC-5 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

# TRANSFER SHEET

FD-5  
(12-1-49)

CHARGE-OUT SLIP

DATE 5-15-53

ENTIRE FILE

CLASS

NUMBER

LAST SERIAL

SERIALS 292A OF 100-107111  
CLASS FILE NUMBER

Transferred to 100-107111-F3a  
LOCATION Pal SPECIAL AGENT

RECHARGE

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TO \_\_\_\_\_ FROM \_\_\_\_\_

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL

292 B

DATE

12/4/52

CONSISTING OF

1

PAGES

(AND ONE COPY)

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 293 DATE 12/4/52

CONSISTING OF 2 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,  
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant  
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains  
information which would disclose an intelligence  
source. This serial bears the Classification  
Officers number [REDACTED]

TRUE COPY

November 20, 1932.

Dear Mr. Hoover.

I am enclosing a newspaper item.  
I marked a few lines that I think would  
interest you. How about checking up on  
it.

Sincerely

/s/ Andrew V. Foley

307. West. St. Rt. #.11.

New York City.

100-107111-293 A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 2 1932	



December 4, 1952

Mr. Andrew V. Soley  
307 East 22nd Street, Number Eleven  
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Soley:

Your letter dated November 23, 1952, together with enclosure, has been received, and it was thoughtful of you to bring this matter to my attention.

If, in the future, you have information which you believe to be of interest to the FBI, please feel free to make it available to the representatives of our office at 200 Broadway, New York 7, New York.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

cc - New York, with copy of incoming

ATTENTION SAC: Correspondent enclosed a clipping of Victor Riesel's column, "Inside Labor," appearing in the Daily Mirror on 11-26-52, pointing out the address in New York City which is maintained by the Committee To Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

100-107111-293B

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC - 8 1952	

100-107111

Memo for File:

Re: National Committee to  
Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case. I.S.-C.  
Period: 12/4/52

While interviewing [REDACTED] b7D  
[REDACTED] of the Martha Washington Hotel,  
concerning another matter he advised  
that the hotel had received mail  
as though the mail addressed  
to the unknown occupants of the  
various rooms in the hotel. i.e.

To: Occupant of Room 302. He stated  
that he ~~threw~~ threw all

100-107111-373D  
100-107111-  
SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
DEC 11 1952  
FBI - NEW YORK

100-107111

away because they advocated  
the writing of a letter to President  
Truman to reduce the Rosenberg  
sentence. [REDACTED] said that he b7D  
sent a telegram to the President  
urging him ~~to~~ not to reduce the  
sentence since he felt that the  
Rosenbergs were convicted traitors.

[REDACTED] expressed his actions in b7D  
the presence of other persons and  
it is felt that this information  
should be a matter of record since  
[REDACTED] stated that he did not b7D

100-107111

case if he violated Postal Laws  
by throwing the circulars away.

John Francis Curran  
Special Agent.

The Great City  
The Great City

Dear Sir

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
DEC 6 1964  
FBI - NEW OR.

I am mailing  
things that I receive in the  
mail. I called your office last  
night and was told to mail  
this to you.

my husband and I do nothing  
about this organization and do  
not see any way of  
this thing.

Sincerely

John C. Gentry,  
105 N. 4th St.

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
MAR 1961  
FBI - NEW YORK

740 1000 113409

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL

294A

DATE

12/5/52

CONSISTING OF

2

PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

## OFFICE MEMORANDUM

- UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, CHICAGO

DATE: 12-5-52

FROM: SA CHARLES T. HAYNES

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY-C

## SYNOPSIS:

[REDACTED] Midwest Conference on the  
Rosenberg case hold under the auspices of the  
Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg  
Case on August 16th and 17th, 1952 in Chicago,  
Illinois.

CTH:mkr  
100-255306 cc's - New York (Registered)(1 - 100-107111, National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg  
Case)(1 - [REDACTED] b7D  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]5 cc's - Milwaukee (Registered)(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case)(1 - [REDACTED] b7D  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]5 cc's Cleveland (Registered)(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg  
Case)(1 - [REDACTED] b7D  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]  
(1 - [REDACTED]3 cc's - Cincinnati (Registered)(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case)(1 - [REDACTED] b7D  
(1 - [REDACTED]3 cc's - Springfield (Registered)(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case)

100-107111-294B

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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DEC 10 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Haynes*

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RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY-C

CCs continued from first page b7D

(1 - [REDACTED]) CC: Chicago  
(1 - [REDACTED])

3 cc's - Indianapolis (Registered)

(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case) b7D

(1 - [REDACTED])  
(1 - [REDACTED])

3 cc's - Washington Field (Reg.)

(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case) b7D

(1 - [REDACTED])  
(1 - [REDACTED])

2 cc's St. Louis (Registered)

(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case) b7D

(1 - [REDACTED])

2 cc's Detroit (Registered)

(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case) b7D

(1 - [REDACTED])

2 cc's St. Paul (Registered)

(1 - 100- National Committee  
to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case) b7D

(1 - [REDACTED])

1 cc - Los Angeles (info) (Reg.)



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DETAILS:

[REDACTED] known reliable, furnished a written report on the Midwest Conference on the Rosenberg Case held under the auspices of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case on August 16th and 17th, 1952 in Chicago, Illinois. b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

The following information was furnished by [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] b7D

"Public meeting to hear the truth  
in the Rosenberg Case," Saturday,  
August 16, 1952, 8:00 p.m. at the  
Curtis Hall, The Fine Arts Building,  
410 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago,  
Illinois

The Midwest Conference on the Rosenberg Case started with a public meeting to hear the truth in the Rosenberg Case which was held on Saturday, August 16, 1952 at 8:00 p.m. at Curtis Hall in the Fine Arts Building, 410 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, under the auspices of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Approximately 200 people attended this meeting [REDACTED] b7D

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The above described meeting consisted primarily of a panel discussion which was led by NELSON ALGREN, Chairman of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and HAROLD ROSEN, who acted as narrator.

The other members which composed the panel on the stage were Rabbi ABRAHAM CRONBACH of Cincinnati, Mr. HERBIN of the Leather Workers Union, JO GRANAT, Executive Secretary of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, Rabbi S. BURE YAMPOL of Albany Park, Illinois, DAVE ALMAN, National Executive Secretary of the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and JOSEPH PERLIN, National Chairman of the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

ROBERT MORSS LOVETT, Progressive Party candidate for Governor of Illinois, and WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, National Executive Secretary of the CRC made short talks.

HAROLD ROSEN and NELSON ALGREN outlined the cases of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and stated the ROSENBERGS were chosen because they were Jews and that there was little evidence that they could be charged with committing espionage but merely conspiring to commit espionage.

Rabbi CRONBACH and Rabbi YAMPOL made short talks stressing the pleading of leniency and mercy for the ROSENBERGS.

Mr. HERBIN of the Leather Workers Union spoke briefly pointing out the fact that the ROSENBERGS were prosecuted because they were active in their union.

JO GRANAT emphasized the deplorable condition of the ROSENBERG children and stressed mother love.

DAVE ALMAN told the group about the ROSENBERG family as neighbors and how the committee is supporting the children of the ROSENBERGS and of MORTON SOBELL.

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GERTRUDE GUNTHER and AL PETERS read letters to the audience from the ROSENBERGS to each other and also read letters from the ROSENBERGS to people everywhere while FRED PINCHARD acted as narrator.

During the entire program emphasis was placed on the following:

1. That the ROSENBERGS could not have had any knowledge of the Atomic Bomb at that time.
2. That Russia was then our ally.
3. The ROSENBERG home life was an example of a real American family.
4. That GRILGLASS who had failed in eight out of eight studies in high school stated he was working at a machine in a defense plant and that everytime a group of top scientists went through the plant he would drop his work, sneak behind them, listen to what they said, and copy the information thereafter giving it to the ROSENBERGS so that Mrs. ROSENBERG could then type the information.
5. Mrs. ROSENBERG was asked by the court if she had a typewriter but not if she typed the report.
6. The committee has had the entire court proceedings in the ROSENBERG case printed into eight small books which could be purchased for \$10 per set.

At the entrance to the room where the meeting was held above the table where the tickets were sold, appeared a sign announcing a party to be held at the Guiney Club starting at 11:30 p.m. on August 16, 1952.

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The meeting in Curtis Hall at the Fine Arts Building, 410 South Michigan Avenue. on August 16, 1952, was adjourned at 11:00 p.m.

[REDACTED]

b7d

[REDACTED]

b7d

[REDACTED]

b7D

Midwest Conference on the Rosenberg  
Case held Sunday, August 17, 1952  
in Room 38, Fine Arts Building,  
410 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago,  
Illinois

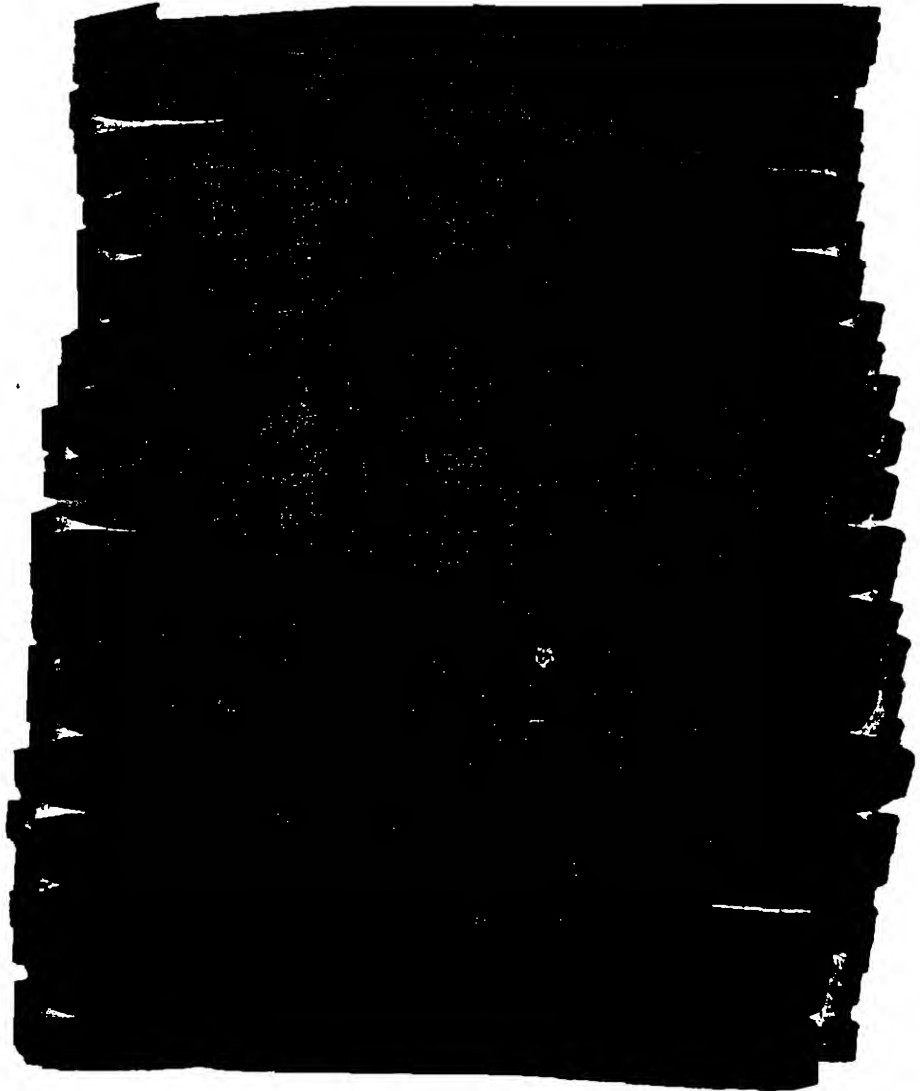
The morning session of the Midwest Conference on the Rosenberg Case held under the auspices of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case was scheduled to start on Sunday morning August 17, 1952 at 9:00'clock; however, the meeting did not start until 11:00 a.m.

Mrs. JO GRANAT, Executive Secretary of the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, chaired the morning meeting and DAVE ALMAN, National Executive Secretary of the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and NELLIE ELASHA'F, who took the minutes of the meeting, sat at the table with Mrs. GRANAT.

SAC, CHICAGO

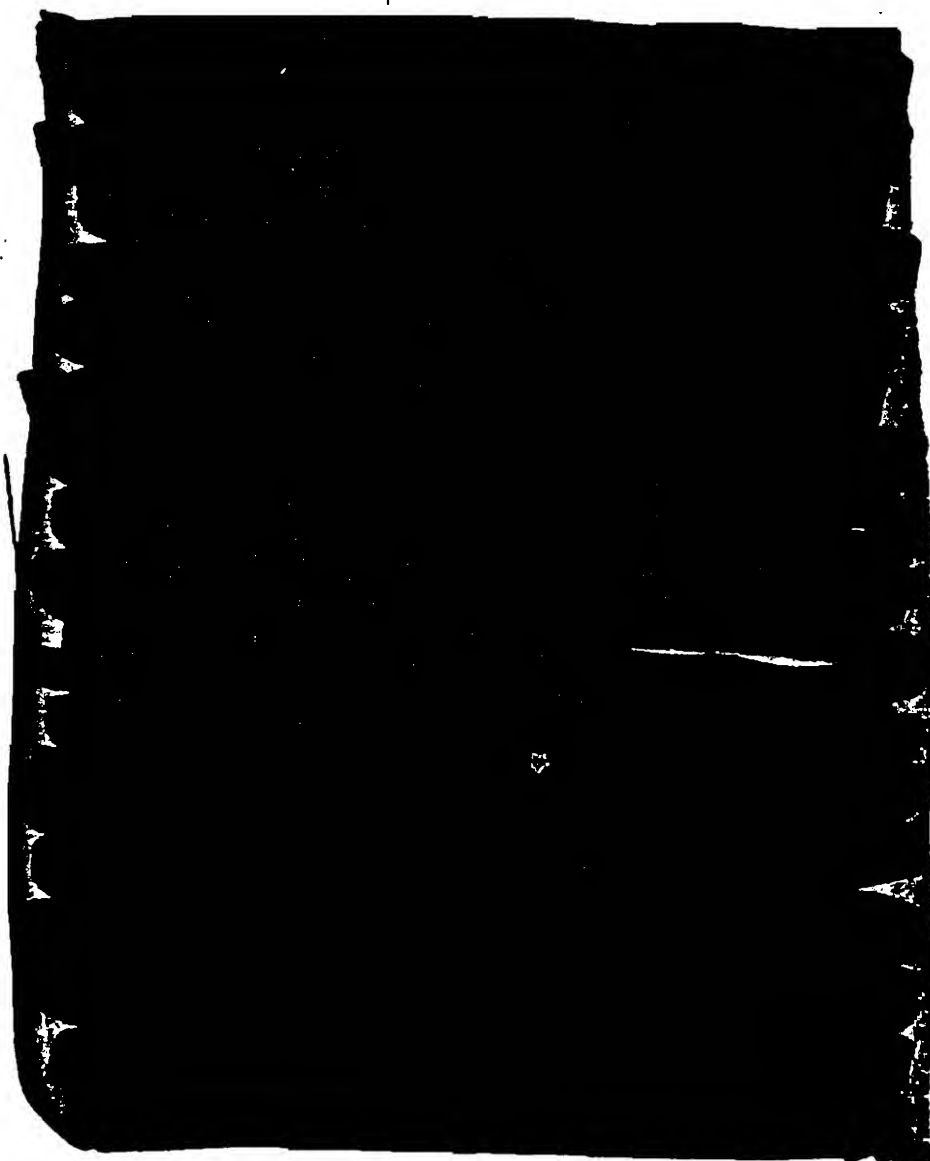
RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
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The following people were present at the meeting on August 17,  
1952:



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Mrs. JO GRINAT opened the meeting by stating that the purpose for calling the conference was to exchange experiences on

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the work on the Rosenberg case in various cities in the midwest and to map out a program to intensify the fight for a new trial for the ROSENBERGS.

Mrs. GRANT introduced DAVID ALMAN to present the facts in the Rosenberg case and to make a report on the national and international developments in connection with the case.

DAVE ALMAN gave a brief outline of the facts in the Rosenberg case emphasizing the following:

- a. Until the trial of the ROSENBERGS actually began, they were not even aware of the actual charges against them.
- b. This is the first time the death sentence has been imposed on such a charge.
- c. The prosecution had stated at the outset of the trial that they would call 118 witnesses, among them top atomic scientists and FBI Agents, but called only 23, not one of whom was an atomic Scientist or FBI Agent.
- d. The prosecution not only failed to establish the guilt of the ROSENBERGS beyond a reasonable doubt, but left serious doubt as to the substantiating nature of the evidence.

DAVE ALMAN gave the following report on the work accomplished by the various Rosenberg committees in New Orleans, Washington, D.C., Los Angeles and New York City:

NEW ORLEANS

60 people met in a private home where a film "Peace Will Win" was shown. \$200 was raised as contributions.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Have two chairman covering northwest and southeast sections and also the northwest section of Maryland. The first public meeting was held in March and was sponsored by the Progressive Party at which time WILLIAM A. REUBEN was the speaker.

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About 100 people attended the meeting and \$500 was collected.

On May 4 at a public meeting where 200 people were in attendance, they collected \$1,000.

\$15,000 was raised by direct contact with people.

The response of the Rabbis was poor due to fear and prejudice.

The first distribution of leaflets on the streets occurred on August 17th.

#### LOS ANGELES

The committee was started by Mrs. D. VIDSON with a group of seven Progressives who wrote New York. Miss PENNINGTON sent a list of local persons who had contacted the New York Office which totalled 37 names in January or February of 1952. They felt that the most correct position to take in the Rosenberg case was that the ROSENBERGS were innocent. RUBEN came to Los Angeles to speak and stayed for two weeks.

Fear and prejudice prevailed in the Negro communities and among non-Jewish as well as the Rabbis.

#### NEW YORK

It was hard to distinguish between the New York City Committee and the National Committee. New York had four large meetings. The largest meeting had 1300 present with 500 people unable to get in.

400 people attended a Brooklyn rally despite a cancellation at practically the last minute.

100 meetings were held by various groups. 18,000 people were at Ebbets Field.



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200 small meetings raised about 15,000 to 20,000 people.

When the committee first began functioning, with the exception of the Daily Worker and National Guardian which was carrying the excellent articles of WILLIAM REUBIN, the press was closed to the Rosenberg Committee.

"Jewish Life" has been a source of publicity for the New York Committee.

The Progressive Party of Philadelphia turned over 15 minutes of radio time to the Rosenberg Committee.

About one half million Amicus Briefs (signed by friends of the court) have been mailed since the beginning of the year. More than 40,000 signatures have been collected on Amicus Briefs. 100,000 signatures must be collected to make the briefs effective.

A special fund has been set aside to be used solely for the care of the Rosenberg children.

The expenditures of this committee have amounted to approximately \$859,000.

ALMAN also stated that the Rosenberg case has become front page news throughout the world particularly in Europe, Asia, Israel, and South Africa.

Speech made by Rabbi ABRAHAM  
CRONBACH of the Jewish Peoples  
Fellowship of Cincinnati

Rabbi CRONBACH stated that they would be at a loss to establish the Rosenberg's innocence and that some feel they prefer not to proceed on the presumption that the ROSENBERGS are innocent but to adopt the strategy of working towards Executive clemency as an immediate step. He stated that once the lives of the ROSENBERGS are saved, they would

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have time to assemble and exhibit further evidence with which to achieve their acquittal.

CRONBACH stated that the Atomic Bomb did not pertain to national defense and that the ROSENBERGS were treated with severity not being applicable in other cases. He also pointed out at the time the incident occurred Russia and the United States were allies and added that it is possible that no crime has been committed but that they committed a mere indiscretion. He pointed out further that Russia and the United States were friends at that time and it never dawned on the ROSENBERGS that Russia might become an enemy of the United States.

Speech made by WILLIAM L. PATTERSON,  
National Executive Secretary of the  
CRC

PATTERSON started his speech by stating that they were there to fight for the lives of a man and woman - 2 Americans. He also pointed out that they had come there to fight to save their country from the terrible crime of anti-semitism and its consequence.

PATTERSON pointed that he has wholly disagreed with the position taken by Rabbi CRONBACH in approaching the ROSENBERG case. He pointed out that according to law, where a case has been brought to court and sentence has been passed by the court, the case is the property of the Judiciary branch of the government until they have exhausted all rights within that branch. He stated further that if they asked for executive clemency, they will be informed by the President of the United States that they have not exhausted all powers in the courts. He stated that if they are going to save the lives of the ROSENBERGS, they must arouse the conscience of America.

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PATTERSON emphasized the fact that they should not ask for Executive clemency until the case had been before the Supreme Court. He also pointed out that the court in permitting the injection of anti-Semitism in this case committed a grave error and he considered it an attack on the Jewish people.

PATTERSON stated that they must carry the case of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG to the ministers, the churches, the trade unions, the Negro people, and everywhere.

Speech made by Mrs. IRLNE PAUL,  
Secretary of the CRC,  
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Mrs. PAUL stated that the campaign was started in Minneapolis by passing a resolution at a meeting of the CRC thereafter sending the resolution to the daily press and the American Jewish World; however, none of these articles appeared in the paper. She obtained a list of individuals interested in the Rosenberg case who had contacted the National Office directly and visited them. She stated that DAVE ALLEN came to Minneapolis to assist in organizing the committee.

Mrs. PAUL also advised that a minister sent out the WILLIAM REUBEN pamphlets to all the Rabbis with a note from him encouraging them to participate in the case.

Mrs. PAUL held a meeting in her home and was severely criticized by leaders of Jewish organizations.

Speech made by Mrs. GERTRUDE NOYES  
of Chicago

Mrs. NOYES stated that the Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case had many fine sponsors among them PAUL CATON, Reverend EVANS of the Metropolitan Community Church, ROBERT MORSE LOVETT, Reverend T. E. BROWN, Progressive Baptist Church. She also stated that the trade union work was just

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beginning and that quite a few leaders had elected delegates who had come to that meeting. She pointed out that there were three local unions of the Packinghouse Workers represented and that there were representatives from the Progressive Party, the CRC, and the Emma Lazarus Clubs present.

Mrs. NOYES also stated that Rabbi FOX was giving them support from the Sentinel. She also pointed out that Rabbi YAMPOL, who spoke last night, had many calls attempting to persuade him not to speak. She stated that JOHN DU BOIS (believed to be JOHN DU BLIES), Department of Education, University of Illinois, wired that he was unable to attend the meeting.

Mrs. NOYES also stated that Reverend T. L. BROWN, a Negro minister, sent a statement to the committee pledging the support of 8,000 members of his church endorsing the Amicus Brief. She advised that five meetings of the Rosenberg Committee had been held in Chicago. She also pointed out that the Anti-Defamation League had brought pressure against the Rabbis.

Speech by PETE LEVINE  
of Chicago

He stated that the Progressive Party arranged a series of five meetings with WILLIAM REUBIN to speak. He stated further that one meeting which was scheduled to be at the Temple Judea in Chicago was cancelled due to the pressure brought against the Rabbi by the Director of the Anti-Defamation League; however, the meeting was held at another place.

LEVINE also stated that the Women's B'nai B'rith in Chicago reached a point at a meeting of their Women's Council where they passed a unanimous resolution stating that they did not agree with the opinion of the Anti-Defamation League not to discuss the Rosenberg case at B'nai B'rith meetings.

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The morning sessions of the conference on August 17, 1952 adjourned at 1:30 p.m. for lunch.

The afternoon of the conference on August 17, 1952 was chaired by Doctor HENRY NOYES, Illinois Director of the American Peace Crusade, who opened the afternoon session at 2:30 p.m. by reading to the conference telegrams and letters sending greetings to the conference from the following:

Judge NORMAN K. HARRIS of  
Sullivan, Indiana;

BLISSIE MITCHELL of  
New York;

IRVING TEITELBAUM, President  
of the Jewish Committee,  
Washington, D.C.;

EDWARD WEBB of the UE of  
Cleveland, Ohio

EPHRAIM CROSS, City College,  
New York City

Speech made by GEORGE MOORE (MOED)  
of Cleveland, Ohio

MOED stated that the first attempt to organize on behalf of the Rosenbergs took place at a meeting of about 40 students at Western Reserve. He also advised that DAVE ALMAN came to Cleveland to assist in the organization and they collected over \$500. He stated that they had had difficulty organizing the committee but the latest development was that an organization which they contacted a long time ago, the Arts, Sciences and Professions, had just informed him that as the committee was having difficulty in meeting, they would work in conjunction with them.

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Speech made by MARTIN BERMAN  
of Cincinnati, Ohio

BERMAN stated that the first meeting of the committee was held in a hotel when DAVE ALMAN came to Cincinnati and there were about 12 people present. He pointed out that this was the first meeting of any kind in about 1½ years in view of the investigation conducted by the House Un-American Activities Committee in Cleveland which practically destroyed the Progressive Party. He stated that four of the people who attended the meeting were union people who decided that work with the committee would jeopardize their jobs, therefore, they dropped out. They stated that others contributed money but none would sign the Amicus Brief.

Speech made by JOHN GILMAN  
of Milwaukee, Wisconsin

GILMAN stated that the committee was formed in Milwaukee in about May and that DAVE ALMAN and WILLIAM REUBEN assisted in the program. He stated that at a meeting where approximately 40 people attended, \$225 was collected.

Mr. LOVE (colored), a CRC delegate from Milwaukee, also spoke briefly.

A speaker from Madison, Wisconsin, whose name sounded like HOLSTEIN or SMOLSKY (believed to be HOWARD FOLSKY)

This speaker, who related some of his experiences on the campaign at the University of Wisconsin, stated that they would get a good start with the committee in the fall when the students return to the campus.

Speech made by MARY FERGUSON of  
St. Louis, Missouri

MARY FERGUSON stated that at a national board meeting of the ASP, the Rosenberg case was taken up and a resolution was passed to help in the Rosenberg case.

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She also advised that DAVE ALMAN came to St. Louis and spoke to a group of approximately 30 people at which time they collected \$90. He also advised that 100 pieces of literature were mailed on the Rosenberg case without a return address on the envelope.

Speech made by PATRICIA RUSH of  
Detroit, Michigan

Mrs. PATRICIA RUSH advised that the Detroit Jewish Forum sponsors a meeting to which they invited WILLIAM REUBEN who spoke before a group of approximately 200 people at a Progressive Party meeting at which time they raised approximately \$300. She advised that the Detroit committee has about 25 active members.

Speech made by JOSEPH BRAININ,  
National Executive Secretary,  
Committee to Secure Justice in  
the Rosenberg Case

BRAININ cited plans of the National Committee for the continuation and strengthening of the fight in the defense of the ROSENBERGS. He stated that the primary task of the local committee within the next few months would be to provide funds for the legal defense of the ROSENBERGS and for the care of the ROSENBERG and SOBEL children.

BRAININ emphasized the following points in his speech:

1. Legal attorneys for the ROSENBERGS and SOBEL are at work now and must continue working conducting a wide scope investigation to produce new evidence in case the defense has to move for a new trial.

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2. The National Committee has tried to tarnish various local groups with necessary literature for educational work. They want suggestions from the delegates in connection with literature as other types of literature might be more effective.
3. Local committees have sometimes neglected to inform the National Committee of pertinent events which might be used nationally. Such items of encouragement should be sent to the National Committee. The letter of Judge NORMAN K. HARRIS should be photostated and circulated as national literature.
4. It is a good idea to form a Midwest Council in Chicago to obtain speakers and to overcome the obstacles. It is futile to try to obtain the cooperation of Jewish organizations as such. The rank and file of most organizations are much more progressive than its leaders.

#### MOTIONS

1. The committee goes on record as approving the establishment of a Midwest Council.
2. That all ROSENBERG committees be empowered to elect delegates to the Midwest Council.
3. That the Midwest Council be under the direction of the Midwest Director with offices in Chicago to coordinate the work in the midwest and serve as a clearing house for information, exchanging reports from various cities, etc.
4. That the Chicago Committee be empowered to appoint the Midwest Director who would be authorized to call meetings of the council when necessary.
5. To send greetings from the conference to the ROSENBERGS and SOBEL.



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6. That the minutes of the conference be mailed to all delegates and be made the property of the entire nation.

SUMMARY

It was proposed that plans be made for a national Rosenberg week in October.

A decision was made to make some changes in the literature broadening the scope of it.

A decision was reached to try the radio and the press as a means of exploiting publicity and the name of OSCAR BROWN, JR. a Chicago radio announcer was suggested as an outlet.

It was decided to work on the release of ETHEL ROSENBERG on bail so that she could be with her children even if it was necessary to have the children placed in an apartment with six matrons watching them.

In accordance with the suggestion of ROBERT MILLER of Chicago, it was decided to contact trade unions.

It was also decided that they would write the ROSENBERGS and SOBEL informing them what is being done in their cases.

The conference was adjourned at 6:00 p.m. on August 17, 1952.

 b7D

Dec 5 - 1954

Federal Bureau of Investigation,

Gentlemen,

The enclosed was in my mail this morning.

I have no desire to be associated with the organization concerned.

Please advise whether I should request them to take my name off their mailing list or leave matters as they are.

At the present time I am employed by the World-Wide Aquarium Supply Co., Inc. 156 Attorney Street - N.Y., N.Y.

In the event that I run into any information that may be of value to you I shall be willing to co-operate with you in accordance with any instructions you may want.

Yours truly,

Carl B. [unclear]

100-107111-2942  
100-107111-2942  
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SERIALIZED FILED  
6 DEC - 8 1954  
FBI - NEW YORK

# TRANSFER SHEET

FD-5  
(12-1-49)

CHARGE-OUT SLIP

DATE 5-15-53

ENTIRE FILE \_\_\_\_\_  
CLASS \_\_\_\_\_ NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ LAST SERIAL \_\_\_\_\_

SERIALS 295, 296 OF 100-107111  
CLASS \_\_\_\_\_ FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

*transferred to* 100-107111-F32, F38  
LOCATION Cal SPECIAL AGENT \_\_\_\_\_

RECHARGE

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TO \_\_\_\_\_ FROM \_\_\_\_\_

**Saul Glemby**

NEW YORK CITY

December 5, 1952

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
290 Broadway  
New York, N.Y.

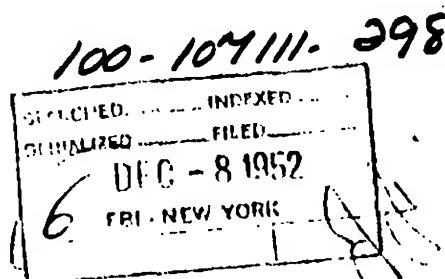
Gentlemen:

I received the enclosed communication from [redacted]. Since I believe this organization is communist in [redacted], I am bringing the letter to your attention for [redacted] the work.

Very truly yours,

SG:SE

*Saul Glemby*  
SAUL GLEMBY



290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 8, 1952

Mr. Joe Roth  
108 West 74th Street  
New York, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Roth:

I wish to thank you for your letter of December 4, 1952  
and the material which you enclosed.

Your interest in forwarding this information to this  
office is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

TJM:IM  
100-107111

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111-299



# TRANSFER SHEET

FD-5  
(12-1-49)

CHARGE-OUT SLIP

DATE 5-15-53

ENTIRE FILE \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS

NUMBER

LAST SERIAL

SERIALS 301

OF 100-107111

CLASS

FILE NUMBER

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*Pal*

100-107111-F-44

SPECIAL AGENT

RECHARGE

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TO \_\_\_\_\_

FROM \_\_\_\_\_

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)

12/9/52

SAC, SAVANNAH (100-4219)

REGISTERED MAIL

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SECURITY INFORMATION & CONFIDENTIAL

Rerep SA W. HERSHEL CAVER, Richmond, dated 9/25/52, and  
report SA ALDEN F. MILLER, Atlanta, dated 10/15/52.

The indices of the Savannah Division are negative with  
reference to HENRY LIEBERMAN. Informants and sources  
of information in this division have not furnished  
any information of any activity on the part of anyone  
interested in the Rosenberg case or regarding anyone  
by the name of HENRY LIEBERMAN. There has been no  
activity on the part of the National Committee To Secure  
Justice in the Rosenberg Case which has been brought  
to the attention of this office. RUC.

ZJV:CS

cc: New York (100-107111)  
(Registered Mail)

100-107111-302

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 11 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Hamington*

FOREST HILLS CLEMENCY COMMITTEE FOR THE ROSENBERGS

December 9, 1952.

Dear neighbor,

Unless the protests continue to mount, the week of January 12, 1953 will go down in history as a shameful blot on American justice. This is the scheduled date of execution for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

Since there is considerable doubt about the verdict and the fairness of the trial, it behooves every honest American to learn the facts that have been deliberately suppressed by the newspapers ---even to the extent of refusing paid advertisements.

The ROSENBERGS NEED NOT DIE if enough people learn the truth and appeal for CLEMENCY. A speaker who has toured the country explaining these issues will be present at the home of Mrs. Rhoda Gordon, 113-11 76 Road, Forest Hills on the night of December 19, 1953 at 8:30. In the interest of humanity and justice will you take the time to come and listen?

Sincerely yours,

*Undel*

*John J. [unclear]*  
Forest Hills Compass Club  
Forest Hills Clemency  
Committee

100-187111-303

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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DEC 18 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*James J. [unclear]*

*Dear Sir*  
*I received this in the*  
*mail. I think this Forest Hills*  
*... this is a Communist Front*



TRUE COPY

LOCAL NO. 9 JOHN BANAMAKER  
EMPLOYEES INDEPENDENT UNION

95 Liberty Street, New York 6, N. Y.

December 4, 1952.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please accept my sincere congratulations on your re-appointment by one of the world's greatest generals in war, as well as one of its greatest leaders in peace, President-elect, Dwight D. Eisenhower.

I sincerely hope that Almighty God continues to bless you and all of the men coming under your most worthy leadership with wisdom and understanding of your every problem.

Enclosed herewith you will find literature that is self-explanatory, and in my humble opinion worthy of your observation and study. May I also call to your attention the pencilled note on the back of one of the envelopes in which it was apparently mailed.

Good luck to you and yours!

Sincerely,

/s/ Paul F. Milling

Paul F. Milling, Pres.  
Local #9, John Banamaker  
Employees Independent Union.

PFM/AM

100-107111-303A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 10 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

✓	MR. BOARDMAN
	MR. WHELAN
	MR. HARGRETT
	MR. McFARLAND
	MR. PRINCE
	MR. TOLSON
	MR. CLEGG
	MR. GLAVIN
	MR. LADD
	MR. NICHOLS
	MR. ROSEN
	MR. TRACY
	MR. WATSON
	MR. WOOD
	CHIEF CLERK
	PERSONNEL UNIT
	PROPERTY UNIT
	TRAINING UNIT

December 9, 1952

✓  
Mr. Paul I. Milling 100-10711-303B  
President  
Local Number 9  
John Sanamaker, Employees  
Independent Union  
95 Liberty Street  
New York 6, New York

Dear Mr. Milling:

Your letter of December 4, 1952, with enclosures, has been received and I wish to thank you for passing this material on to me.

Naturally I was gratified that the new Administration desires me to continue as Director of the FBI, and it was indeed kind of you to extend your congratulations.

I only hope that each of the FBI will continue to discharge all our responsibilities in such a manner as to merit public approval.

Sincerely yours,

J. E. Hoover

✓ CC - New York, with copy of incoming.

ATTENTION SAC: Enclosures included some pamphlets and literature put out by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, New York, and the front of an envelope addressed to S. Redhorn, 505 East Fourteenth Street, New York City. On the backside of this envelope face was the note: "Dear Paul: This letter was sent to Fred Redhorn received one thru the Mails - See that Edgar Hoover off in Spades. /S/ Bob Rogers."

DEC 10 1952
RECEIVED
Mr. [Signature]

100-10711-303B

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: December 10, 1952

FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-37667)

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C  
Origin - New York

Enclosed herewith are copies of 12 mailings of the captioned Committee made available to SA MORGAN L. HEDGECOCK on [REDACTED] by [REDACTED]. These mailings were addressed to the Jewish Community Center, 1110 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

No action is contemplated by the Philadelphia Office concerning these mailings and they are being furnished to New York for information.

MLM/egg

Encls. 12

CC: 66-4244 Sub A

REGISTERED MAIL

100-107111-304

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 11 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

GEORGE W. SCHMITT, D. D. S.  
41 EAST 57th STREET  
NEW YORK 23, N. Y.

*1/10/52*

*Frederick Bureau of Investigation*

*Gentlemen:*  
I thought you people might be interested  
in this letter. I received it in the mail this  
morning.

*100-107111-306*  
*George W. Schmitt*

*1/5: 2. cont. of along with*

*Dr. Schmitt*

100-107111-306

INDEXED
FILED
(6) JAN 11 1952
NEW YORK

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 11, 1952

Mrs. Edward O'Rourke, Sr.  
28 Mitchell Place  
White Plains, New York

Dear Mrs. O'Rourke:

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you for the material enclosed with your letter of December 8, 1952.

Your interest in making this information available to me is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

JAH  
IM  
100-107111

100-107111-367

December 11, 1952.

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
290 Broadway  
New York City.

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED

DEC 12 1952

Dear Sirs;

Enclosed you will find a pamphlet and circular which have been circulated to the people living in my community. From the context of these pamphlets it appears that the authors not only resent the proper functioning of the law, but also the judgement of the American Courts.

It is evident they are striving to carve out a precedent whereby treason and sedition will be only a small misdemeanor.

It is <sup>my</sup> firm belief that the people heading this movement are not loyal to our country and should be thoroughly investigated as to their affiliations with other anti-American committees. Also the legality of this "National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs" seems questionable.

100-107111-308

Sincerely,

Rodman A. Leonard  
6211 Catalpa ave.  
Ridgewood, N.Y.

Catherine Vicital  
2082 Prospect ave.  
N.Y.

William J. Lyons  
6301 80th St.  
Kew-Forest, L.I.N.Y.

Paul J. Polanski  
1050 42nd St.  
New York City

Clare Kasky  
21-09-35 Avenue  
Astoria, N.Y.

Clare Kasky  
71-11 69 Road  
Brooklyn College 7  
Brooklyn

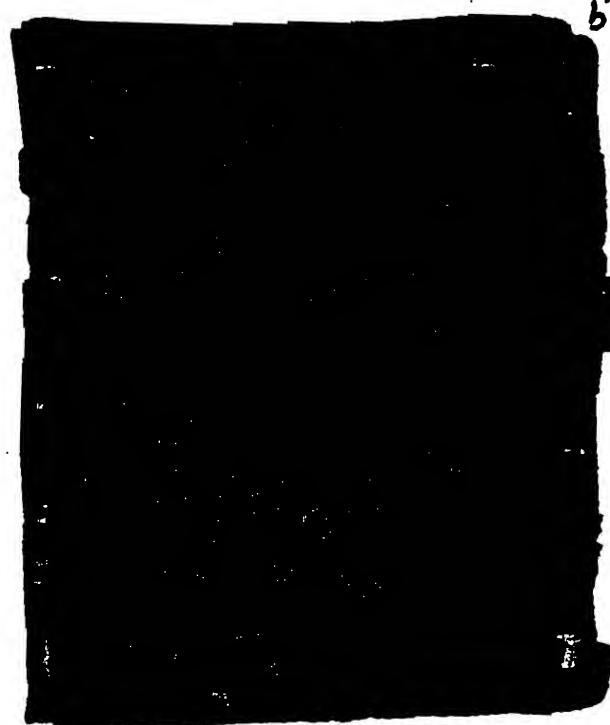
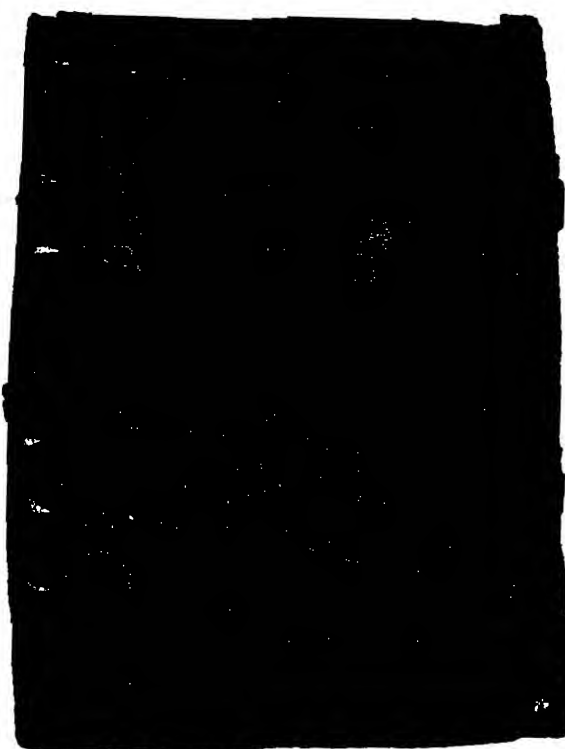
George Fuchs  
25-51 78 St.  
Brooklyn, N.Y.

Harold Pollack  
95-19 45 Ave  
Flushing, N.Y.

Henry J. Heiman  
164 Lorimer St  
Brooklyn

Cleveland, Ohio  
December 11, 1952

MEMO SAC



The following is the verbatim report of [redacted]  
dated [redacted] received by SA [redacted] M. [redacted] JR.  
on [redacted] The original memo will be found as  
serial [redacted]

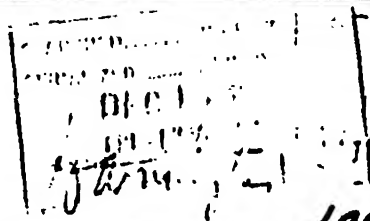
Cleveland, Ohio

"Following is a report of a meeting that was given  
by the Ohio Friends to save Rosenbergs, held on the  
8 of Nov. 1952 at the Hotel Sterling meeting hall.  
every seat was taken and many were standing.

"Present about 200 - 250 people among them



TKM:mki



100-107111-310

67A

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Netta Barman,  
[REDACTED] stated the meeting explaining briefly about the  
reasons, and the grave situation for the Rosenbergs.

"Anthony Dvorkin speaking from a lawyers side of view remarked that there is many discrepancies in the Rosenberg case, but thats late now - We should ask for clemency from Pres. Truman.

"Rabbi Abraham Gronback, chiefly spoke about a wonderful way to ask the Pres. of the United States for clemency for these two unfortunate parents, certainly their lives are not to be taken away by the government of this fine land - their deaths would not make our country stronger or more abundant - please Mr. President we beseech thee grant them their lives, so that they may experience your kindness, your benevolence etc. Send cards asking the pres. to free the Rosenbergs.

"At another point he was saying that now where did he see or read that the C.I. advocated the overthrow of our government by force and violence, the charge that was read against the victims of the Smith Act.

"David Alman, neighbour of the Rosenbergs described them as poor, unlike that described by the accusing lawyers, and their brother in law. They led a normal life - like any other people, until framed by the parties involved and unjustly condemned to die. A penalty never before asked for same kind crime - We believe its unjust, unhuman We must save them. Their children cannot lead



"normal lives as long as their father and mother are in a death house. To save them will take a lot of money and the time is short. -

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

Care should be used in disseminating the above information to paraphrase it so as not to reveal the identity of the informant.

PALMER M. WALKER JR.  
SA

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

DATE: December 11, 1950

FROM : SAC, Cleveland (100-20245)

REGISTERED MAIL

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG CASE  
IS - C  
(OO - New York)

There is enclosed for your information one copy of the  
verbatim report of [REDACTED] dated [REDACTED]

b7D

b7D

JMB:mkf

cc  
Enclosure

100-107111-311

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 13 1950	
FBI - NEW YORK	

SECURITY INFORMATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**FILE #** 100-107111

**SUBJECT** ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

**SERIAL** 312 **DATE** 12/11/52

**CONSISTING OF** 1 **PAGE**

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.



Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice

FD-71  
(7-30-45)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO

FILE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

COMPLAINT FORM

*Committee to Secure Justice for Rosenberg*

Subject's Name and Aliases

Address of Subject

Character of Case

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

FACTS OF COMPLAINT:

*complaint distributed via receipt of  
mail from subject committee, in which certain  
parties had addressed to 1 Long Beach  
address. Literature consisted of material in which  
complainants wished to see as showing as  
participation in work of committee.*

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

100-107111-313

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 11 1952	
Special Agent	
NEW YORK	

SAC

12-9-52

SA RICHARD F. MOELIRCE

[REDACTED] b7D  
On [REDACTED] received in the mail a plain envelope addressed to him and postmarked [REDACTED] b7D at Washington, D.C. This envelope contained a form letter from the Washington Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case, Room 519, 930 F Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. The letter was dated November 1, 1952 and is over the signature of JOHN STONE, Washington chairman.

This letter makes reference to a mass meeting which was to be held on Thursday, November 6, 1952 at 8:30 PM at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C. Enclosed was a form postcard addressed to President TRUMAN, asking executive clemency for the ROSENBERGS, and a four page tabloid newspaper, "To Secure Justice," issued by the Committee to Secure Justice in ROSENBERG Case, 1050 6th Avenue, New York 19, New York.

[REDACTED] furnished this material to SA FRANCIS X. JAHN on [REDACTED] however the letter referred to was returned to informant for use in gaining admission to the meeting if necessary. b7D

The form postcard addressed to President TRUMAN is filed in SA file [REDACTED] and the tabloid newspaper "To Secure Justice" is filed in [REDACTED] b7D

The postal card addressed to the President urged that executive clemency be granted to ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, stating that the death sentence was unusually

RFM/mt

CC: [REDACTED]

100-15241 (ROSENBERG Committee)

2-WFO

WFO 100-25474 (Washington Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case)

2-New York

National Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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M/SAC

severe, particularly in view of the milder ten year sentences given to TOKYO ROSE and AXIS SALLY, who were convicted of the more serious crime of treason.

The tabloid "To Secure Justice" bore the headline "ROSENBERGS Must Not Die!" and contained a number of articles concerning the ROSENBERG case. On the back page of the tabloid were four items which the reader was requested to do to save the ROSENBERGS.

- 1 - Send a wire or letter to President TRUMAN. Tell him to "Save the ROSENBERGS."
- 2 - Ask your friends, neighbors, shopmates and colleagues to do the same.
- 3 - Ask your union, church, synagogue, auxiliary, social club to send a similar wire or letter.
- 4 - Send a contribution to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case, 1050 6th Avenue, New York 18, New York. Checks may be made out to JOSEPH BRAININ, Chairman.

SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (100-25474)

SAC, BALTIMORE (100-15241)

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Enclosed herewith are two copies for your office  
and two copies for New York, of a memorandum dated 12/9/52  
containing information furnished by [REDACTED] on [REDACTED] b7D

Copies are being furnished to your office  
because of the information contained therein concerning the  
Washington Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case  
(WFO 100-25474) and JOHN STONE [REDACTED] b7C

Copies are being furnished to the New York office  
because of the information therein concerning the National  
Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case and  
JOSEPH BRADIN.

RFM:vom  
Enclosures (2)-REGISTERED MAIL

cc: 2-New York Office  
Enclosures (2)-REGISTERED MAIL

100-107111 - 313B

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SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 10 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 12, 1952

Mr. Saul Glemby  
225 West 86th Street  
New York 24, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Glemby:

I wish to thank you for the material enclosed with your letter of December 5, 1952.

Your interest in forwarding this information to me is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,



LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

TJM  
IM  
100-107111

100-107111-314



290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 12, 1952

Mrs. L. M. Anderson  
420 Beach 69th Street  
Rockaway Beach, N.Y.

Dear Mrs. Anderson:

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you for the material you forwarded to this office.

Your interest in advising us of this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111  
TJM  
IM

100-107111-315

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 12, 1952

Mr. Roswell E. Hall  
67 East 59th Street  
New York 22, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Hall:

I wish to thank you for the material you forwarded to this office on December 5, 1952.

Your interest in making this information available to this office is indeed appreciated.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111

TJM

DM

100-107111-316

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 12, 1952

Mr. Jack Chavin  
649 East 11th Street  
New York 9, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Chavin:

Thank you for your letter of December 5, 1952 with enclosures.

Your interest in forwarding me the information contained in your letter is indeed appreciated. You may be assured that it will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

TJM

IM

100-107111

100-107111-319

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : *Mr. [illegible]*  
 FROM : *[illegible]*  
 SUBJECT:

DATE: *Dec. 12, 1952*

*What is the clipping concerned to  
 the Sunday, Dec. 7, 1952. The other one  
 appeared in the [illegible] at [illegible]  
 [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]*

*see clippers of  
 Dupelle Times  
 12-11-52  
 of 1. [illegible] 12-6-52  
 Jay*

*100-107111 - 320  
 [illegible]  
 [illegible]  
 [illegible]*

Dec 10 1952

Dear John

I found that the  
Retail Drug Employees  
Union located at 210

1410 St used in  
mailing list in ad at  
this letter. It could

be the headquarters  
all union members received one  
very large box

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI NEW YORK	
J. G. Harrington	

100-107111-320A

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NY

DATE: December 12, 1952

FROM : HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ, SE (100-107111)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - CCanadian Conference To Save Rosenbergs

Toronto: About 150 individuals and representatives from organizations attended a conference to help in the movement, now being organized in Canada, to win a pardon for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, the Jewish victims of political hysteria in the United States. The conference took place in Toronto on Tuesday, October 28th.

"The lives of the Rosenbergs depend upon the strength of the movement that will be organized among the millions of people who believe in justice" was said at the conference by DAVID KASHTON, member of the national executive committee of the League For Democratic Rights.

The conference adopted a plan of activity which includes visiting many organizations, mobilizing public opinion, and sending hundreds of telegrams, from Toronto and other cities, to President Truman and the U.S. Supreme Court, with the request that the Rosenbergs receive a new hearing before the highest court in the U.S., and that the death sentence be commuted.

It was also decided, at the conference, to organize a large delegation to the American Consul, in the name of the organization, to request the Rosenbergs be pardoned.

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ

1 - NY 65-15348 (Julius &amp; Ethel Rosenberg)

HNR:RMB

100-107111-32013

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FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*



p. 2 (Cont)

Later received a call from a MRS. LESTER (first name unknown) who is connected with the <sup>subject</sup> organization, who desired to know the meeting capacity. Mrs. Foster's phone # EA 9-8849.

Mrs. Ford desired to know if she should rent the studio. She was advised that the Bureau could not advise her as to whether or not she should do so. Mrs. Ford advised that she would furnish any additional information concerning the individuals mentioned or the subject organization that comes to her attention.



FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 322 DATE 11/14/52

CONSISTING OF 2 PAGES,

ONE OF WHICH PAGE 2

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK, NEW YORK  
NOVEMBER 14, 1952

*cc in 100-104111*

*100-104111*

BUREAU

RE: CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS, IS-C. DAYLIT.

b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] CRC HOLDING HOLIDAY BAZAAR NOVEMBER TWENTY ONE THROUGH TWENTY THREE NEXT AT SEVEN ELEVEN FIFTH AVENUE, NYC, TO RAISE FUNDS FOR CRC ACTIVITIES.

[REDACTED]

b7D

✓ 100-104111-322

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK, NEW YORK  
NOVEMBER 14, 1952

*cc in 100-104111*

*X 7/10-9/11*

BURGLAR

CIVIL RIOTS CHARGES, IS-C. DAYLIT. [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] CRO HOLDING HOLIDAY LAGAR NOVEMBER TWENTY ONE THROUGH  
TWENTY THREE NEXT AT SEVEN SEVEN FIFTH AVENUE, NYC, TO AID FUND  
FOR CRO ACTIVITY.

[REDACTED]

b7

100-104111-322

Mrs. Florence J. Boland

45-11 40th Street, Long Island City 4, New York

L.B.I.

The enclosed list of  
sponsors maybe a clue to  
some of the treachery practiced  
in our Country. These desired  
to pressure to send me the  
enclosed card & self explanatory  
Please mail card after examination

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....

6 DEC 12 1952  
FBI - NEW YORK

J. A. Harrington

Sincerely

F. J. Boland

100-107114-323

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 15, 1952

Mrs. Florence J. Boland  
45-11 40th Street  
Long Island City 4, N.Y.

Dear Mrs. Boland:

I wish to thank you for your letter of December with enclosures.

Your interest in making this information available to me is indeed appreciated and you may be assured that it will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

JAH:111

100-107111

*[Handwritten signature]*

100-107111-324



# TRANSFER SHEET

FD-5  
(12-1-49)

CHARGE-OUT SLIP

DATE 5-15-53

ENTIRE FILE

CLASS

NUMBER

LAST SERIAL

SERIALS

325

OF

100-107111

CLASS

FILE NUMBER

*transferred to*  
LOCATION

100-107111-F42

SPECIAL AGENT

RECHARGE

DATE

TO

FROM



SAC [REDACTED] b7D

12/11/52

SA RICHARD F. MC ELIECH

On [REDACTED] furnished to SA WINFRED ANDERS of the Washington Field Office and SA FRANCIS X. JAHN of the Baltimore Office the materiel described below, which was addressed to [REDACTED] b7D

One of the items furnished by informant was an envelope addressed to [REDACTED] which was postmarked [REDACTED] at Washington, D.C. [REDACTED] This envelope contained the following items: b7D

A letter from the Washington Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 930 F St., N.W., Room 519, Washington, D.C. dated November 1, 1952. This letter announced that JOSEPH BLATNIK and WILLIAM A. REEVE would speak at a mass meeting to be held Thursday, November 6, 1952, at 8:30 PM. at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Sts., N.W., Washington, D.C. This letter was signed by JOHN STONE, Washington Chairman.

A printed postal card addressed to the President of the United States, which asked executive clemency for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, and which stated that the death sentences were unusually severe, particularly in view of the milder 10 year sentences given to Tokyo Rose and Axis Sally, who were convicted of the more serious crime of treason.

RFM:PAS

CC: [REDACTED] b7D

100-15241 (Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case)  
WFO (100-25474 (Comm. to Secure Justice in Rosenberg Case)

New York (100-1-10-1, to Secure Justice in Rosenberg Case) b7D

100-107111-326

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*[Signature]*

M/SAC

12/11/52

A four-page tabloid newspaper, "To Secure Justice", issued by the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 6th Avenue, New York 18, N.Y. This paper contained a number of articles concerning the Rosenberg Case and on the back page contained a box headed "What You Must Do to Save the Rosenbergs":

1. Send a wire or letter to President Truman. Tell him to save the Rosenbergs.
2. Ask your friends, neighbors, shopmates and colleagues to do the same.
3. Ask your union, church, synagogue, auxiliary, social club to send a similar wire or letter.
4. Send a contribution to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 6th Ave., New York 18, N.Y. Checks may be made out to JOSEPH BRAININ, Chairman.



SAC, WFO (100-25474)

12/15/52

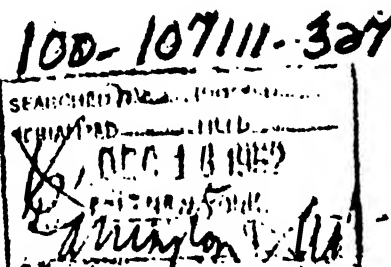
SAC, BALTIMORE (100-15241)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
IS-C

Enclosed herewith are two copies for WFO and four copies for New York of a memorandum dated 12/11/52 containing information furnished by [REDACTED] [REDACTED]. The copy for New York designated for [REDACTED] [REDACTED] is being furnished because the letter mentioned in the attached memorandum lists [REDACTED] as an officer of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

RFM:FAS  
REGISTERED MAIL  
CC: New York (Encl. 4) *VRM*  
ENCL. 2

b7d



## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : WILLIAM M. WHELAN, ASAC

FROM : LELAND V. BOARDMAN, SAC

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DATE: 12-15-52

At 4 p.m. 12-15-52, [REDACTED] Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 122 East 42nd St., telephoned me to advise that a group of 1000 members of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case, have reserved special coach trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad leaving 7 a.m. 1-4-53 for Washington, D.C. A part of the group will be returning at 12 p.m. 1-4-53. Several hundred will stay over and come back from Washington on the night of 1-5-53. A check in the sum of \$1000 made payable to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was signed EMILY ALMAN or OLMAN [REDACTED] was not certain of the spelling of the last name). [REDACTED] stated the second signor name could not be made out by him. [REDACTED] stated that the two men making the arrangements above set forth were ABE WEISBERG and AARON SCHNEIDER, who identified themselves as being the Labor Committee to Save the Rosenbergs, address being given 1050 6th Avenue. b7D

You are instructed to have an agent telephonically contact [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] on the morning of 12-16-52 for the purpose of making arrangements to have a photostatic or photographic copy made of the check. b7D

LVB:MAR

100-107111-328

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 15 1952	
FBI NEW YORK	

J. G. Harrington

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NY

FROM : JOHN D. O'CONNELL, SA

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE ROSENBERGS  
IS-C

DATE: Dec. 15, 1952

At 9:15 AM, 12/15/52, NY Supreme Court Justice IRVING SAYPOL, former U.S. Attorney, SDNY, telephonically advised the writer that during the past week-end, a young fellow, whom Justice SAYPOL described as "a typical CCNY boy," called at his home, 152 E. 94 St., NYC, Apt. 10J, and asked to see Justice SAYPOL in connection with the ROSENBERG case. Justice SAYPOL advised that he was not home at the time this individual called but that his son spoke to the boy who had a package in his hand, and told him that he could contact Justice SAYPOL at the NY Supreme Court and gave him Justice SAYPOL'S phone number. Justice SAYPOL advised that inasmuch as the boy was calling in connection with the ROSENBERG case, he presumed it was a "crank" call, and since the boy was carrying a package, he was advising the NYPD. Justice SAYPOL stated that he was also making this a matter of record with the NYO.

Supervisor McAndrews was immediately advised of the foregoing.

100-107711-328A

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 15 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

JDO'C:JMF

Cleveland, Ohio  
December 15, 1952

MEMO SAC

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

100-17097 CMC

100-20243 ROSENBERG COMMITTEE

The following is the verbatim report of [REDACTED] dated [REDACTED] received by SA PALMER M. BAKIN, JR. on November 24, 1952. The original memo will be found as serial [REDACTED]

"Cleveland, Ohio.  
[REDACTED]

"On Saturday at 8:PM November 8th 1952 a meeting was held at the Sterling Hotel 3002 Prospect Avenue sponsored by the Ohio Committee for the defense of the Rosenbergs. There were about two hundred people present, among those recognized were, [REDACTED]

"Nettia introduced the Lawyer for the Rosenbergs, David Alman, he said there were one hundred and thirty five witnesses and only five were called, and only the brother of Ethel was the cause of the conviction. he said the couple was kept about a block apart and the children ages four and nine had to go from father to mother to see them, Alman said the Warden had been asked if the parents could be together when the children made their visit, but was refused, he said the children were being intimidated by the F.B.I. and made fun of by the school children. He said there were no Jews on the jury, he said the Judge went in his chamber to pray to God for a

FMB:gm  
134-19 SA

cc: 1 - Cincinnati  
1 - New York

100-107111-328B

INDEXED
FILED
DEC 18 1952
NEW YORK

MEMO SAC

"decision and came out with a verdict of electrocution.

"Netta introduced Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, who said there was no lie detector test taken from the Rosenbergs. Altho the Rabbi favored communism, he denounced the word communist, and said it was the most hellish word, and should be stricken from the dictionary.

[REDACTED] b7d

Care should be used in disseminating the above information to paraphrase it so as not to reveal the identity of the informant.

PAIMER W. BAKEN, JR.  
SA

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

DATE: December 15, 1952

FROM : SAC, Cleveland (100-20243)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C  
C.C. New York

There is enclosed for your information one copy of the verbatim  
report of [REDACTED] dated [REDACTED] b7D

Dr B'gmm

Enclosure: (1)

cc: 2 - Cincinnati (Enc.) (RM)

REGISTERED MAIL

100-107111-328C

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 18 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Harrington  
#6

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 16, 1952

Roff's Pharmacy  
585 Dumont Avenue  
Brooklyn, N.Y.

Gentlemen:

I wish to thank you for your note of <sup>November</sup> December 22, 1952  
enclosing material which you thought might be of interest to  
this office.

Your interest in making this information available is  
indeed appreciated and you may be assured it will receive  
appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

100-107117  
JAH:III

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111-389

290 Broadway  
New York 7, New York

December 16, 1952

George W. Schmitt, D.D.S.  
41 East 57th Street  
New York 22, N.Y.

Dear Dr. Schmitt:

I wish to thank you for your letter of December 10, 1952,  
with enclosures.

Your interest in making this information available to this  
office is indeed appreciated. You may be assured it will receive  
appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

100-107111

JAH:IM

LELAND V. BOARDMAN  
Special Agent in Charge

100-107111-330 33



OFFICE MEMORANDUM • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

( ) CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

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Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received December 2, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE V. H. IC LEAF

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(x) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial             
Exhibit#           

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

100-107111

100-107111-332

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 17 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PRESS RELEASE

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

for immediate release November 25, 1952

ATTEMPTED SOBELL TRANSFER TO ALCATRAZ DRAWS PROTESTS.

MRS. SOBELL CHARGES ATTEMPT TO FORCE "CONFESSION" IN SPITE OF  
INNOCENCE.

SPONSORS  
(Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Alman  
Dr. Herbert Aptheker  
Ivan Van Auw  
Dr. Edward K. Bartsy  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Clewe  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojcek  
B. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbrie  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubia  
Dr. John Marsella  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Weltfish

Mrs. Sobell charged today that the Office of the United States Attorney is attempting to destroy her husband by removing him to a prison for hardened criminals 3000 miles away from his family.

"They want him to name innocent persons as spies and admit a crime which he never committed. Here is a letter written a year ago showing that the authorities did not feel it necessary to give my husband special treatment before this campaign of intimidation began. Shortly after this letter was written, they stopped all of his work activities, severely limited his mail and deprived him of privileges granted to other prisoners. They subjected him to a campaign of vicious pressures including the showing to him of anonymous letters, circulation of rumors about my leaving him, and the threat of being sent to Alcatraz. I want the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case to have this letter which Morty wrote a year ago to show what kind of a person Morty is and to enable people to judge whether a man like this has to be sent to a place reserved for the most hopelessly anti-social members of our society, those who have been labeled incapable of rehabilitation. They are sending Morty to Alcatraz and the Rosenbergs to their death because they will not become informers. It's a horrible perversion of justice," Mrs. Sobell told the Committee today.

(more)

The text of the letter which Morton Sobell wrote to his twelve-year old daughter follows:

Dear Syd:

It's a long time since I last wrote you and a lot has happened - to you - to me - and to the world, since then. For one thing, you have turned 12, and I consider 12 a turning point, like 16 or 21. From the time I was 12 onward I have a continuous recollection of my existence - before then I can only recall "snapshots."

Helen told me that you really liked your school - which is not unimportant by any means. If you write, tell me more about it. Of course being in the South we have to expect certain things about this school though not necessarily accepting them. I just read a book about an American girl who lived in a small town in Brazil for over a year. In Brazil there is no discrimination because of the color of a person's skin, however there are other aspects of Brazilian life which are not ideal. In spite of any of the latter, an American Negro feels really free for the first time in Brazil.

Other than that, I am reading law. My brief (you have a copy there) and all the decisions it refers to. It's not something I really enjoy, but being I'm in the middle of it I want to make the most of it.

Saw a movie last Sunday - it wasn't ~~anything~~ except for the music from Tosca and La Boheme - for that reason I enjoyed it. Yes and I "ran" a recorded concert here last Monday - on an amplifier I built. Played the Tchaikowsky Piano Concerto and part of the Grieg.

Do little odd jobs around - find them. Found a heart-measuring machine (electro cardiograph) that was not being used - "broke" as Pips might say - so I fixed it. Lots of other things as well. The people here (guards) aren't too bad - they have a job to do and they do it without becoming personal. In the Tombs it was much different. There they were really nasty as could be. The men in here aren't too different from those in the outside world. They certainly don't look like criminals.

Am wondering if you read the newspapers these days - even reading them it is really difficult to figure out what is going on in the world today - and a lot is going on. Not that it didn't happen before that there was tension here or tension there - but I don't remember when there was so much stirring in so many different places on this earth at the same time.

It's 9 o'clock soon - we get two minutes of walking around the floor and then look-in for the night.

Goodnight for now Syd -

Love,  
Morty

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Date information received December 2, 1952

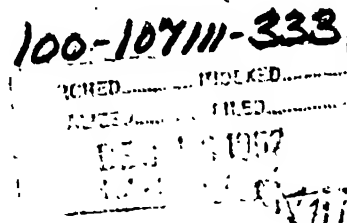
Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE V. F. MC PAK

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial 1  
Exhibit#

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:



100-107111

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.  
BRyant 9-9694

PRESS RELEASE

FOR RELEASE  
November 21, 1952

## JERUSALEM RELIGIOUS LEADERS SEND ROSENBERG CLEMENCY APPEAL TO TRUMAN

### SPONSORS (Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Alman  
Dr. Herbert Aptheker  
Ivan Von Auv  
Dr. Edward K. Barst  
Prof. E. Barry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Clews  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojcek  
S. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbris  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubka  
Dr. John Marsalka  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Weltfish

"We are not aware of any precedent where a person has been condemned to death in a democratic country for offenses alleged in this case in time of peace," declares a petition to President Truman signed by twenty Jerusalem religious leaders, it was announced today by The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

Among the twenty rabbis and religious leaders were officials of the Chief Rabbinate and famous Talmudic scholars and sages.

The petition asked for clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, now awaiting execution in Sing Sing death house.

"We can hardly imagine that Jews anywhere in the world," the petition stated, "and especially in a glorious country like the United States should act against the interests of the state. At least we are not aware of such an instance in the long history of the Jewish people.

"Similarly, we are not aware of any precedent where a person has been condemned to death in a democratic country for offenses alleged in this case in time of peace."

#####

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Date information received December 2, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBER AND SE V. F. MC PRAE

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(x) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial           
Exhibit#         

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

DECLASSIFIED BY 41913  
ON 2/12/78

100-107111-334  
SEARCHED..... INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED..... FILED.....  
DEC 16 1952  
FBI - NEW YORK

COMMITTEE OF VOLUNTEERS TO SECURE GLASNEY

FOR THE ROSENBERGS- N.Y.C.

For Expedited Release

OVER 700 PEOPLE ATTENDED RALLY FOR

GLASNEY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

Over 700 people at a Glasney Rally for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, held at the Hippodrome in Manhattan, Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, November 19, 1952, petitioned President Truman to save the lives of these poor Jewish parents.

The enthusiastic audience contributed \$2000 to help the efforts being made to obtain Glasney in this case.

The meeting, sponsored by the Committee of Volunteers to Secure Glasney for the Rosenbergs, heard John L. Lewis, Editor of the National Guardian; Mrs. Helen Schell, wife of Morton Schell, co-defendant with the Rosenbergs; and Mrs. Emily Weiss; Dr. Paul Weiss, chairman of the New York State Bar Association was chairman for the evening.

\*\*\*

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Date information received December 2, 1952

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(x) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial#           
Exhibit#         

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

100-107111

100-107111-335

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 17 1952	



# Committee to Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

## PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release  
November 25, 1952

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

BRyant 9-9694

NEW HAVEN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION EXECUTIVE, FRENCH ANTI-RACIST GROUP,  
PRINCETON EDUCATOR, INDIAN SCIENTIST JOIN ROSENBERG CLEMENCY APPEAL.

## SPONSORS (Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Alman  
Dr. Herbert Apatheter  
Ivan Von Auv  
Dr. Edward K. Barsky  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Clews  
Rev. J. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojack  
B. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbrie  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubke  
Dr. John Marsalle  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Muhac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Welfish

## JANUARY 4-5 CLEMENCY GATHERING IN WASHINGTON DC

"We, the members of the Executive Committee of the New Haven Chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union ... urge you to grant clemency to these defendants (Ethel and Julius Rosenberg)," stated the New Haven ACLU on November 23rd, it was revealed today by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

Among the signers of the New Haven statement were Co-Chairman Rabbi Robert E. Goldberg, of the Congregation Mishkan Israel; Theodore M. Greene, Philosophy Professor at Yale; Thomas I. Emerson, Yale Law School Professor; Vern Countryman and David Haber, Associate Professors at Yale Law School; Rev. Theodore S. Leebetter, pastor of the Dixwell Congregational Church, and others. (Organizations listed for identification purposes only.)

In a letter addressed to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, one of the Paris sections of the French Anti-Racist Movement wrote: "You are not alone, dear friends, in your prison cell; you are surrounded by affection and the vigilance of hundreds of millions of people in all countries."

Prof. H.H. Wilson, well-known Princeton educator, states: "As an act of mercy I strongly urge that a new trial be granted and, failing this, that at least the Court commute the death sentence to a term of imprisonment. Prof. Wilson expressed doubt of the fairness of the trial which convicted them, saying, "Courts would truly have

to be superhuman to successfully resist the pervasive hostility that permeates every facet of our society."

Prof. D.D. Kosambi, a famed Indian scientist connected with the Tate Institute for Fundamental Research, writes: "It is perfectly clear ... that the trial was mainly a political rather than a juridical action. A generation ago I saw the protest aroused by the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti; today this is regarded as a blot upon the name of American justice. My friends and I hope that the American people will not add such disgraceful action to their record."

The Committee announced that its nationwide Clemency Gathering in Washington DC for January 4th and 5th, which thousands are expected to attend, would feature a special afternoon Clemency Prayer Period and an evening Clemency Meeting, both on January 4th. On January 5th, the Clemency Gathering will present its Appeal to President Truman, to the Department of Justice and to Senators and Congressmen.

# # #

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received December 8, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE B. E. WEBB

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

- (X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial                       
Exhibit #
- ( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

100-107111

100-107111-336

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# SAVE THE ROSENBERGS

ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG MUST NOT DIE

AMNESTY FOR ALL  
SMITH ACT PRISONERS

FREE EUGENE DELORS

FREE MRS. ROSA LEE INGRAM

FREE IRVING POTASH

FREE BEN DAVIS

FREE THE TRENTON TWO

# RECEPTION FOR THE HOLIDAY DELEGATION

**VISITING POLITICAL PRISONERS  
THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY**

*Hear the report back from the  
delegation to Ethel and Julius  
Rosenberg in Ossining, N. Y.*

*Send off the Christmas  
delegations to*

BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, in Terre Haute, Indiana  
EUGENE DENNIS, Atlanta, Georgia  
MRS. ROSA LEE INGRAM, Reidsville, Georgia  
IRVING POTASH, Leavenworth, Kansas  
JACOB STACHEL, Danbury, Connecticut

**Friday, December 19th, 8 P. M.**

*Ballroom, Manhattan Towers Hotel,  
Broadway and 76th Street, N.Y.*

*Speakers, Entertainment  
\$1.25 (including tax)*

*Auspices: New York Civil Rights Congress,  
Suite B, 23 West 26th Street, N.Y.*

*Dr. Edward K. Barsky Lester Cole*

*George Crockett, Jr. Howard Fast*

*Frederick V. Field McKinley Forrest*

*Abner Green Dr. W. Alphaeus Hunton*

*Abraham Isserman Leon Josephson*

*Ring Lardner, Jr. Carl Marzani*

*Reverend Richard Morford*

---

*former political prisoners,*

*invite you to a*

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Date information received December 2, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE V. H. MC LEAK

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Exhibit#           

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Description of exhibit:

100-107111

**100-107111 - 337**

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

To the Editor of the Freiheit Publ. Co.  
35 East 12th Street  
New York 3,

September 13, 1952

Dear Brother Lovick:- Hope you will have this translated and print same  
in the Morning Freiheit. Thank you.

### A MEMORABLE EVENT IN LOS ANGELES.

A gigantic Rally filled the Embassy Auditorium to its full capacity, approximately 1800 people, last night, Friday, Sept. 12th, sponsored by the L. A. Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

It was a magnificent and an unforgettable demonstration against the prevailing hush-hush judges and the ugly clique of antisemites.

Chairing this Rally was Wm. Esterman, a prominent L. A. Attorney and an officer of the Lawyers Guild. In his opening citations, Mr. Esterman uncovered the flimsy evidences against the Rosenbergs and Sobel, he said and I quote: "The prosecution promised to produce 118 witnesses, among them the top notch atomic scientists, instead only 20 witnesses were produced and not one of the was an atomic scientist as promised. Why? I will tell you why, because the Ureys, Kinstains, Oppenheimers and the others would prove conclusively that not only the Rosenbergs and Sobel did not have the secret of the atomic bomb, but that the entire fabrication by the prosecution of mathematical scetches linking them with the bomb, is sheer nonsense and utmost stupidity. That is why the prosecution was afraid of the scientists. Unquote". He further appealed to sign the Amicus Briefs in greater volume, to facilitate the reviewing the case by the U. S. Supreme Court.

John Howard Lawson, one of the Hollywood 9, lecturer, writer and historian received the most enthusiastic ovation, he was thrilled by the rising of the audience and the prolongation of the applause. The Rosenberg case, he said, is just another link of the entire pattern of the vicious witchhunting hysteria and warwagering blueprint. He paralleled the Rosenberg's case with the Sako and Vanzetti, who were brutally murdered for their bravery and courageously speaking the truth to the people. He appealed to the human dignity not to have a Sacco case in America.

The next speaker was Mary Hyun, wife of Peter Hyun, who has been haunted and persecuted for over a year and is finally being slated to be deported. Mary Hyun, being a mother herself of her tragic stricken children appealed to the minds and hearts to help the Rosenberg's children and fight for the freedom of their beloved father and mother.

The most touching part of the evening was the dramatization of Julius' and Ethel's letters by the well known stage and screen actor Herman Waldman and his co-partner as Ethel. They did a magnificent job, leaving a painful impression upon the audience.

A clarion call by the Chairman to help the Rosenbergs and Sobel and their children, created an "avalanche" of enthusiasm, it opened the hearts and pockets of everyone present. The good American "green flower" showered in \$100., \$50.00, 25., 10. and dollar bills from every corner of the Hall, also a huge number of multi-color checks were rushed by the "amfibious" marchers to the Rostrum. The Collection brought in \$2,975.00

He and his entire group of Fraternal Songsters, as usual, did a brilliant job with his presentation for this occasion.

Horace Alexander, candidate from the 86th Congressional District, very eloquently brought out the fact that Jim-Crowism and Anti-semitism emanates from the same source, that our Government in Washington, having the right to outlaw Jim-Crowism and Anti-semitism is on the contrary, supporting the McCarran and the Walter-McCarran acts. The only alternative for a Free World is for the Negropeople, Jews and all minorities unite together.

The last speaker was Samuel Ornitz, one of the Hollywood 9, he brilliantly diagnosed Jewish Anti-semitism as the origin of the Udenrattlers, such as the American Jewish Committee, A. D. L., Congress Weekly and others, paradoxically linked with the Udenrattlers of Germany in the Hitler era. He like the others, urged to fight for Justice, until the Rosenbergs and Sobel are set free.

*Paul Paisner*  
PAUL PAISNER,

Los Angeles, Cal

8378 *Don't know*  
*L.A. 46, Cal.*



OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

( ) CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

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Date information received December 2, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE V. H. MC IER

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(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial             
Exhibit#           

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

100-107111

100-107111-338  
SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PHOTO RELEASE

For immediate release  
November 25, 1952

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

BRyant 9-9694

ROSENBERG DEFENSE UNCOVERS PERJURY BY GREENGLASS

SPONSORS  
(Partial List)

Nelson Algren  
Emily Almen  
Dr. Herbert Apherer  
Ivan Von Auv  
Dr. Edward K. Bersky  
Prof. E. Berry Burgum  
Alice Hill Byrne  
John F. Clews  
Rev. I. C. Collins  
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach  
Prof. Ephraim Cross  
Marjorie DiSilva  
Dr. Katherine Dodd  
Dr. W. E. B. DuBois  
Gertrude Evans  
Waldo Frank  
Joseph Friedman  
John Gojack  
B. Z. Goldberg  
Shirley Graham  
Nahum Greenberg  
Louise Harding Horr  
James Imbrie  
Rev. Spencer Kennard  
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett  
Dr. Bernard Lubka  
Dr. John Marsalka  
John T. McManus  
Mrs. Bessie Mitchell  
Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac  
William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Wolfish

OFFERS SENSATIONAL DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE IN MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL

The charge that David Greenglass, key witness in the Rosenberg-Sobell Case, committed outright perjury with the Prosecutor's knowledge was made today (Nov. 24) by Emanuel Bloch, Rosenberg defense attorney, in the U.S. District Court at Foley Square, New York, the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case announced this afternoon. The charge was made in the course of submitting motions for a new trial.

The perjury charge against Greenglass asserted the prosecution permitted Greenglass to testify under oath that he had confessed to espionage upon his arrest, when actually this confession -- by the Government's subsequent admission -- was made only after prolonged negotiations which have all the earmarks of a "deal."

The prosecution was further charged with permitting Greenglass to testify falsely that he had received no coaching in his preparation of an "atomic sketch." The defense offered to produce proof that arrangements were made to permit Greenglass, who had only a high-school education, to have assistance in drawing up the sketch.

In addition to offering positive proof of perjury on this point, the defense submitted affidavits from 3 world-famous scientists who termed Greenglass' "scientific" testimony incredible. The three are Prof. Jacques S. Hadamard outstanding French mathematician, a member of the French Academy of Sciences, (more)

Great-officer in the Legion of Honor, a member of both the National Academy of Sciences and the American Academy of Sciences, and in 1950 the Honorary Chairman of the International Congress of Mathematics; Prof. Thomas Reew Kaiser, of the University of Manchester, an expert in nuclear physics; and James Gerald Crowther, a well-known scientific writer (author of 16 books on the history of Science, many of which have been translated into French, German, Spanish, Arabic, Portuguese, Chinese and other languages), formerly scientific editor of the Manchester Guardian, lecturer at Harvard University, and war-time director of the Scientific Department of the British Council.

The defense also charged that the prosecution knowingly permitted another witness Ben Schneider, to testify falsely that the first time he had seen the Rosenbergs since they allegedly ordered passport photographs from him (never produced by the prosecution) was the day he testified in court against them. The defense offered information that Schneider was secretly brought to the courtroom the day before to familiarize himself with the Rosenbergs.

In addition to these charges, the defense produced hundreds of photostats to back up a contention that the Rosenbergs were subjected to 14 months of unfavorable and inflammatory pre-trial publicity, making it virtually impossible for them to secure a fair trial. This pre-trial publicity, the defense charges, was "fed" by newspaper releases and statements by the Prosecution, charging the Rosenbergs with crimes never even mentioned in the indictment.

Typical of how the Prosecution tried the case in the newspapers, even while the trial was under way, was the occasion when the Government announced, during Mrs. Greenglass' testimony, that it had indicted William Perl who, it alleged, could corroborate Greenglass' testimony. To this day, Perl has not been tried, in spite of his attempts to secure a quick trial.

Finally, the defense submitted sensational documents proving that many of the "secrets" of the atom bomb and its component parts were public knowledge for many years, and the principle of implosion, which the prosecution tried to pass

off as "new", was known as far back as 1792. Implosion device patents were taken out in Switzerland in 1940. Over 100 scientific journals from all over the world, all of them dealing publicly with every conceivable phase of atomic energy - prior to the dropping of the atom-bomb - were submitted to prove that the Russians would hardly have engaged spies to give them information which they already had. The defense also challenged the government's arbitrary classification of public materials as "secret."

These same points were also made by Howard Mayer, attorney for Morton Sobell, co-defendant who faces 30 years imprisonment. Sobell's attorney pointed out that not a single word or shred of evidence was introduced linking Sobell in any way with anything remotely connected with the A-bomb, and yet he had been repeatedly called an "atom spy" in pre-trial publicity emanating from the prosecution.

# # # # #

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Date information received December 8, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GISLER AND SE B. C. WEBB

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Exhibit # \_\_\_\_\_

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Description of exhibit:

100-107111-339

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

100-107111

Speech of Dr. W. E. B. DuBois at a Save the Rosenbergs rally under the auspices of the Civil Rights Congress, on Thursday, Oct. 23, 8 p.m., at Central Plaza, 111 Second Avenue, New York City.

The Rosenbergs are not accused of betraying military secrets to an enemy of their country. At the time the alleged deed was perpetrated, we were friends and allies with the Soviet Union. It could not be alleged that the Rosenbergs were dealing with an enemy. Later, when they were actually arrested and charged with treason, friction had arisen over Korea and other matters, and the Korean war had begun. Although the Soviet Union was not a direct party, nevertheless it was fear of the Soviets and a growing vision of a war between the United States and Russia which furnished the atmosphere in which this trial was held.

Under such circumstances, in this case as in many other cases in the past, accusation itself spelled conviction.

How fortunate it would have been for us and for the world if at the time the Rosenbergs were accused we had in fact freely given to the Soviet Union and to the whole world the secret of the atom bomb. That would have been a gesture toward peace which would have convinced mankind of our real desire for a free world and for true democracy, and our abhorrence of imperial exploitation. It would have saved the nation enough funds for social medicine and the cure of cancer and safe-tile materials; for the harboring of our grant, destroying river systems; and watering of our deserts; and especially the restoration and development of our educational systems. But we did not do this; on the contrary, we set ourselves to conquer not only the Soviet Union but the world.

Turning then from this spoiled dream of peace, let us consider the facts of the relations between the United States and the Soviet Union before, during and after the second world war.

For many years there was unquestioned friendship between the United States and Russia. My high-school textbooks used to praise the cession of Alaska as bidding the two nations together. Much was said in my youth of the splendid court of the Czars, and no American ambassadorship was more sought for than the embassy to Russia.

There were some criticisms. For instance, as a high school student, I remember reading in the Century Magazine a series of articles by George

Kozlov, father of the present one with the same name. He criticized severely

the cruelty of the Czars, the repression of freedom, and the exile to

Siberia. Afterward we heard much about Russian anarchy, revolt and assassina-

tion, mitigated in part by the emancipation of serfs which came about

DuBois - 2

In 1917 it is fair to say that the overwhelming liberal public opinion in the United States was with the revolutionists. Great liberal leaders and thinkers who in 1918 hailed the Russian Revolution as greater than the French and as fulfilling the dream of the American, need not today be ashamed of their enthusiasm, for it was echoed around the forward-thinking world. I remember the visit of Katherine Brezhnevskaya, mother of the revolution, to America. I was present when Jane Adams entertained her at Hull House.

Then because of the British attempt to beat back the revolution, came the attack on Russia of fourteen nations, including America, followed by an extraordinary propaganda which has persisted to our day. Especially did the expulsion of Leon Trotsky and his exile to Mexico impress liberals and set them against Stalin before they knew the whole truth.

But above all came the propaganda of Hitler. No matter how much we were frightened by fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany, many influential Americans admired both Hitler and Mussolini, and went along with Great Britain in an all-out attempt to suppress them. It was for this reason that we refused to invite the Soviet Union to alliance against the Nazi attack on Western Europe. Along with Great Britain we steadfastly refused to negotiate with Russia, sending second-rate negotiators and putting off business, until at last the Soviet Union in self-defense made alliance with Hitler.

Then as France and England tottered on the brink and Hitler turned from the finishing blow to overthrow the Soviet Union, we remained our noses to port, and with reluctance made alliance with the Soviet Union and Great Britain against the Nazis. But we were certain that the Soviet Union was going to be overthrown in a short time. It was, therefore, our belief that if we could prolong the conflict as much as possible, Hitler might be so much weakened by the Russian resistance that both communism and nazism would overthrow themselves.

There is no doubt that this was the reason behind our delay in furnishing a second front against the Nazis. Although hard pressed, the Soviets were putting up fierce resistance against the mighty schmuggh. We therefore promised the Russians help, but we followed the lead of Churchill and Britain, and that was to wait until the Russians were overthrown, and meantime to conserve our strength and attack through Southern Europe so as to preserve the western European highway to Asia and the control of the Mediterranean. Then

When Hitler's armies returned from Russia, even if victorious, they could



DuBois - 3

find it difficult to overthrow Great Britain and France, with the Allies firmly entrenched in southern Europe and northern Africa.

The unexpected and incredible happened. The Russians at the cost of over 15 million lives and one hundred billions of property, smashed Hitler and the German armies and did this without the help of American or Western European soldiers. Some material and munitions we furnished the Soviets, but it formed about 5 percent of their total needs. We sent many trucks and jeeps, but not as many as the Soviets captured from the Germans. This small supply was stopped too early, and after the war we refused to loan the Soviets a dollar, while we gave 90 millions to the Union of South Africa.

When this entirely new situation faced us at Potsdam and Yalta, we came to an understanding with Russia, and did it gladly, yielding control over the territory which bordered on the Soviet territory which we had tried to preserve as a corridor en route from which the west planned to attack and reconquer the Soviets. We could not in decency nor in armed might refuse to yield the Baltic states which had been German territory; nor Poland which the West had armed against the Soviets; nor could we compel Czechoslovakia to follow Western dictatorship. Our appreciation of the Soviet effort was stated by our Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, in regard to the epic quality of their patriotic service. General Douglas MacArthur said of the Red Army: "The world situation at the present time indicates that the hopes of civilization rest on the worthy banners of the courageous Russian army. During my lifetime I have participated in a number of wars and have witnessed others, as well as studying in great detail the campaigns of outstanding leaders of the past. It does have I observed such effective resistance to the heaviest blows of a hitherto undefeated enemy, followed by a smashing counter-attack which is driving the enemy back to his own land. The scale and grandeur of the effort make it the greatest military achievement in all history."

At Quebec, on August 31, 1943, Prime Minister Winston Churchill declared concerning the Soviet Government and its leadership: "No government ever formed since man has been capable of surviving injuries so grave and cruel as those inflicted by Hitler on Russia... Russia has not only survived and recovered from those frightful injuries but has inflicted, as no other force in the world could have inflicted, mortal damage on the German war machine."

Colonel Raymond Robins, head of the American Red Cross in Russia, said: "Soviet Russia has always wanted international peace. Lenin knew that



DuBois 4

his great domestic program would be deflected if not destroyed by war. The Russian people have always wanted peace, education, production, exploitation of a vast and rich territory engage all their thoughts and energies and hopes.

"Soviet Russia exploits no colonies, seeks to exploit none. Soviet Russia operates no Foreign Trade cartels, seeks none to exploit. Stalin's policies have wiped out racial, religious, national and class antagonisms within the Soviet territories. This unity and harmony of the Soviet peoples point the path to international peace."

In return we needed Soviet alliance against the still powerful army and navy of Japan; and particularly we expected to develop China as our ally, not only against Japan but in the industrial empire which we hoped to build in Asia after the war, in our role as successor to the British empire.

To our astonishment this failed, when the Communists drove out our ally, Chiang Kai-shek, and took the arms and ammunition which we had given him. There remained only, to the mind of most Americans, the protection of the newly discovered atom bomb. It is easy to see how during this almost hysterical change and reaction charges or even rumors that the secret of the atom bomb had been revealed to Russia alarmed the nation.

In September, 1948, the President announced that the Soviet Union knew the secret of the atom bomb, and from that many concluded that this secret had been betrayed to the Soviet Union by Americans, and that eventually a third world war between the United States and the Soviet Union must follow.

Widespread and deliberate propaganda induced most Americans, even liberals and radicals, to accept this belief. When Fuchs was convicted as a spy in 1950, and Judith Coplon accused, atomic traitors were scanned everywhere, and in 1951 the Rosenbergs were accused.

Here is the background of the kind of public opinion in which they were tried. It is doubtful if anyone in this room, under these circumstances, would have escaped grave danger of conviction. The case against the Rosenbergs was sealed by a confessed spy, who received immunity even though it has never been proven that he possessed any atomic secret which he could reveal. The Rosenbergs were tried in an atmosphere of race prejudice, during the attempt to establish universal

DeBois 8

band of protest. Vanzetti, addressing the court, April 9, 1927, said:  
(and with these same words he speaks again to us tonight):

"The jury did not understand the difference between a man who is against war because he believes war is unjust and because he hates no country, and a man who hates war because he is in favor of the country which is fighting the land in which he lives; such a man is a spy and commits a crime against his country in order to serve its enemy. We are not men of that kind. Nobody can say that we are German spies. We were against the war because we did not believe in the purpose for which they say the war was fought. We believe that war is wrong and we believe this more after the ten years in which we have studied and observed day by day. And I am glad to be on the scaffold of doom if I can say to mankind: Look out! You are in the tomb of the flower of mankind. For what? All that they said to you, all that they have promised you, it was a lie, it was a fraud, it was a crime. They promised you liberty; where is liberty? They promised you prosperity; where is prosperity?"

Sacco and Vanzetti are dead; but you live. And may you live to prevent another such crime as this.

111

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

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Re J. E. HYLER and SE B. T. WEEB

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100-107111

100-107111-346

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 16 1952	
NEW YORK	

November 24, 1952  
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

A vital pamphlet on the case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, now under sentence of death in Sing Sing Prison, is being rushed to press, the Civil Rights Congress announced today.

The author is Richard Boyer, who wrote "The Dark Ship," "If This Be Treason," and other works.

The 64-page pamphlet tells a succinct story of the frame-up in all its stages; it contains the statements and analyses of legal experts all over the world who have examined the transcript and who agree that the case is one of the flimsiest on record; it shows how the entire trial revolved about the testimony of a man who would himself have faced death had he not falsely denounced others; it tells of the heart-rending private quarrel between this man, David Greenglass, and his brother-in-law, Julius Rosenberg.

The pamphlet also includes much of the moving and eloquent correspondence between Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in the death house.

The Civil Rights Congress is now taking advance orders at its headquarters at 23 West 35 Street, New York. The price is 25 cents per copy; 15 cents in bulk orders of 20 or more; 12 cents for 200 or more.

A vital pamphlet on the case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, now under sentence of death in Sing Sing Prison, has just come off the press, the Civil Rights Congress has announced.

The author is Richard Boyer, who wrote "The Dark Ship," "If This Be Treason," and other works. The pamphlet is entitled "The Cold-War Murder."

to last year.  
than

The pamphlet, which can be obtained from the Jefferson School bookshop, sells for 25 cents a copy. Bulk orders can be obtained at the CRC headquarters at etc prices etc.



OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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FROM :  
SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

DATE: December 16, 1952

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Date information received December 11, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA E. K. DEANE AND SE D. A. CHESSEIR

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Description of exhibit:

DECLASSIFIED BY 11413  
ON 2/24/18

100-107111-341

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

PRESS RELEASE  
For Immediate Release

December 5, 1952

**C.I.O. SHOE, A.F.L. JEWELERS, C.I.O. FURNITURE LOCALS  
URGE CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS**

CIO United Shoe Workers' Local 65, AFL Jewelry Workers' Local 1, and CIO Furniture Workers' Local 140 are the latest union groups to call on President Truman to commute the death sentences of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, the National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs has announced.

The CIO Shoe Local's action came at a recent meeting of its Executive Board, Julius Zelazo, Board chairman informed the Labor Committee.

The AFL Jewelers' Local, following unanimous approval of its Executive Board, authorized its president, Andrew Laredu, to send President Truman a telegram declaring that the AFL local "takes no position on the issues in the case" but that "we feel very strongly that the death penalty in this case would constitute cruel and unusual punishment."

Alex Sirota, Manager of CIO Furniture Local 140, wired President Truman: "On behalf of 2,500 members of our local union, we urge you exercise Executive Clemency in Rosenberg case. Regardless of guilt or innocence of these two people, our membership feels that the death penalty is too severe and urges you to stop execution."

The Secretary of the Labor Committee, Abe Weisburd, also announced that the New York Branch of the National Union of Marine Cooks and Stewards sent a message to the White House through its Port Agent, Irving Dvorin, stating in part: "The entire history of the U.S. does not show a single case where a death sentence was imposed during peace time for 'conspiracy to commit espionage'... Urge you grant Executive Clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg."

In announcing the unionists' clemency action, the Labor Committee called on all unionists throughout the United States to appeal to President Truman to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs.

The Committee said, "The death sentence, which is unprecedented, has evoked shock and a feeling that it is cruel and inhuman. Many prominent lawyers, religious leaders and a growing number of union leaders have expressed their doubt as to the due process accorded the Rosenbergs at the trial."

It added, "We support the position of the Rev. John Paul Jones of the Union Church of Bay Ridge (Presbyterian) who has said, 'If a serious miscarriage of justice has taken place, there will be an

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100-107111-342

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	



CALENDAR OF EVENTS

SAVE THE ROSENBERGS CAMPAIGN

THURSDAY - DECEMBER 4TH- LEAFLET DISTRIBUTION IN FRONT OF HEARN'S  
DEPARTMENT STORE - 149th St. & 3rd Avenue

SATURDAY - DECEMBER 6 - 2 P.M. - MOTORCADE - STARTS AT SOUTHERN  
BLVD. AND 180TH STREET.

THURSDAY - DECEMBER 11- LEAFLET DISTRIBUTION IN FRONT OF ALEXANDER'S.

SATURDAY - DECEMBER 13 - 2 P.M. - MOTORCADE - STARTS AT SOUTHERN  
BLVD. AND 180TH STREET

DECEMBER 13 TO DECEMBER 24TH INCLUSIVE - VIGILS - 1 P.M. - 8 P.M.  
5 P.M. - 8. P.M. - MASS  
VIGIL

AT HUNTS POINT AND SOUTHERN BLVD. - WE ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR TUESDAYS.

DECEMBER 18 - THURSDAY - 8 P.M. ROSENBERG RALLY AT WESTOVER BALLROOM -  
SPONSORED BY THE ALP

DECEMBER 20 - SATURDAY - 2 P.M. MOTORCADE- STARTS AT SOUTHERN BLVD. AND  
180TH STREET

DECEMBER 24- 26 - CHRISTMAS VIGIL IN FRONT OF THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON,  
D. C. - DETAILS ABOUT TRAINS, ETC. WILL BE GIVEN TO  
YOU LATER- WATCH FOR DETAILS IN THE NEWSPAPER.

.....

OTHER ACTIVITIES

SUNDAY- DECEMBER 7TH - CIRCULATE PETITIONS ON DISCRIMINATION IN THE  
SEDGWICK PROJECT. DETAILS AS TO MEETING PLACE  
AND TIME WILL BE GIVEN TO YOU LATER.

FRIDAY - DECEMBER 19TH - A GALA NITE - TO HELP WIN THE FIGHT FOR  
INTER-RACIAL HOUSING IN PARKCHSTER.  
PLACE OF AFFAIR - TROCADERO  
555 East Tremont Avenue  
Bronx, N.Y.

OUTSTANDING CULTURAL ENTERTAINMENT - TICKETS \$1.20

dpowa

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :  
FROM :  
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Date information received December 2, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE V. E. MC PEAR

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(x) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial                       
Exhibit#                     

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

DECLASSIFIED BY 4411  
ON 3/24/78 BY 101 345

100-107111

100-107111-343

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release  
November 21, 1952

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

MORTON SOBELL ORDERED TO ALCATRAZ

CHARGE GOVERNMENT PLAN TO END HIS LEGAL FIGHT

## SPONSORS

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Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Welffish

New York, N.Y. - Morton Sobell, who was tried with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and sentenced to thirty years imprisonment, is scheduled to be sent to Alcatraz, the National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs has learned.

The Committee, in a statement released here, charged that "transfer of Morton Sobell to Alcatraz now will prevent him from consulting with his lawyers at a time when they are preparing new legal motions.

The Rosenberg Committee also asked why "the prosecution wishes to send Sobell three thousand miles away from his wife and children to a prison for the most hardened, notorious criminals in the country." It pointed out that there are many federal prisons in the East in which Sobell can be confined.

Mrs. Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, who for two years has played a major role in the campaign to win a new trial for her husband and Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, and is now a leading figure in the campaign to secure Executive Clemency for the Rosenbergs, said that the transfer of her husband to Alcatraz was the latest and severest step in a protracted effort by the  
(more)

government to torture her husband into "confessing to a crime he has never committed," and to make it impossible for her to continue her work on behalf of justice for Morton and the Rosenbergs."

The Rosenberg Committee asked for wires and letters to Attorney General James P. McGranery, Justice Department, Washington, D.C., urging his intervention to stop Sobell's transfer to Alcatraz.

# # #

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Description of exhibit:

100-107111

4413  
2/24/53

100-107111-344

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 18 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PRESS RELEASE

For immediate release, Nov. 22, 1953

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

NATIONWIDE ROSENBERG CLEMENCY GATHERING WASHINGTON D.C.

JANUARY 4th and 5th

COMMITTEE PROTESTS UNPRECEDENTED HASTE IN SETTING DEATH SENTENCE

## SPONSORS (Partial List)

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Dr. Gene Walfish

"With unusual haste, Judge Irving Kaufman, who set the unprecedented death sentence against Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, has determined that the Rosenbergs shall die the week of January 12," the National

Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case said today.

"This date was set without any regard for new legal motions dealing with aspects of the case hitherto not presented to the courts.

"Only an unprecedented nationwide appeal to President Truman can prevent the shame which the carrying through of this sentence would bring to our cherished traditions of mercy and justice.

"We appeal to the religious, political and labor leaders of our country, to the organizations of the people of Jewish faith, to the Christian churches, to the associations of the Negro citizenry, to the great organizations of the women of the nation and to all who believe that

human life is too sacred to be surrendered to a moment of extreme social passion - send your appeal for clemency to the President now! Send your representatives to appeal to him in person! Judge, has determined

"Clemency for the Rosenbergs is the will of large numbers of the American people. We are confident that they will express this will in their letters, delegations, public advertisements and through other means.

"To the end that many thousands of Americans of all faiths, colors and creeds may make their appeals for clemency felt, we are calling a nationwide gathering in Washington DC for Sunday and Monday, January 4th and 5th, where these thousands will participate in meeting, prayer and delegations to the President, Department of Justice, senators, congressmen and other public officials."

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 15, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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100-107111-345

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FBI - NEW YORK	

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

PRESS RELEASE

1050 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE  
NOVEMBER 6, 1952

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Morton Greenberg  
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BRITISH M.P., NEW ZEALAND RELIGIOUS LEADER SUPPORT ROSENBERG  
CLEMENCY APPEAL.

STATING THAT THE DEATH SENTENCE METED OUT TO ETHEL AND  
JULIUS ROSENBERG IS INTENDED TO COVER "ALL THE ERRORS OF ALL  
THE STATESMEN OF THE WORLD", SYDNEY SILVERMAN, A LEADING  
MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT ASKED THAT THE SENTENCES BE  
SET ASIDE, THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE DISCLOSED TODAY.

FROM NEW ZEALAND, THE VERY REV. S.J. CHAMBER, BISHOP OF  
WAIKATO, WRITES "IT IS TO BE HOPED THAT A REPRIEVE WILL BE  
GRANTED TO BOTH THESE PEOPLE, IF NOT ON THE GROUNDS OF  
INNOCENCE IN ALL PARTICULARS, AT LEAST ON THE GROUNDS OF HUMAN  
JUSTICE, ESPECIALLY AS IN THIS INSTANCE, IT CONCERNS TWO  
JEWISH PEOPLE....."

MR. SILVERMAN'S LETTER STATES, IN PART:

"... I HAVE NO HESITATION AT ALL IN SAYING THAT I CONTEMPLATE  
WITH HORROR THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE DEATH SENTENCE COULD  
REALLY BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A CASE BY ANY CIVILIZED COUNTRY,  
LEAST OF ALL BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA UPON WHOM HISTORY  
HAS PLACED IN OUR TIME SO HEAVY A RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE WISE  
LEADERSHIP OF SO MANY NATIONS IN THE ONWARD MARCH OF CIVILIZATION.  
NO ONE SUGGESTS THAT THE ROSENBERGS PLAYED ANYTHING LIKE SO LARGE  
A PART AS MANY WHO HAVE GOT OFF WITH LIGHTER SENTENCES THAN



ROSENBERG COMMITTEE

PAGE TWO

DEATH. NO ONE SUGGESTS THAT THERE IS ANY PRECEDENT FOR THE FINAL PENALTY ON SUCH A CHARGE IN TIME OF PEACE. NO ONE SUGGESTS THAT THE OFFENCE WAS COMMITTED IN FAVOUR OF AN ENEMY OF THE UNITED STATES. NO ONE SUGGESTS THAT, IF THE SOVIET UNION SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE ALLEGED OFFENCE IS CONSIDERED SUCH AN ENEMY, THE ROSENBERGS BEAR ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THAT FACT OR DID OR COULD HAVE FORESEEN IT SEVEN YEARS AGO. TO ELICT THE EXTREME PENALTY FROM THESE TWO IMPOTENTIALITIES IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES IS TO MAKE THE ROSENBERGS PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL THE ERRORS OF ALL THE STATESMEN OF THE WORLD WHICH SINCE THE END OF THE WAR HAVE SO TRAGICALLY LOST THE PEACE FOR WHICH WE ALL HOPED."

THE DEAN OF ALIATES' letter states, in part:

"...IN THE FIRST PLACE I AM OF THE OPINION THAT THE EVIDENCE UPON WHICH THESE TWO PERSONS WERE CONDEMNED, IS OF A VERY SLANDER CHARACTER. FURTHER, MUCH MORE LENIENT VERDICTS HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO PEOPLE WHO, ON THEIR OWN CONFESSION, WERE GUILTY OF ESPIONAGE. I THINK OF PUGHIS, GREENGLASS AND GOLD, WHO ONLY RECEIVED GAOL SENTENCES....IT WOULD BE CRUEL, INHUMAN AND BARBARIC IN THE EXTREME AND WOULD RAISE A STORM OF PROTEST THROUGHOUT THE WORLD IF, ONE OF THE CHIEF PARTNERS IN THE WORLD'S DEMOCRATIC STATES, COUNTERANDED THE INFLICTION OF A DEATH PENALTY, WHERE EVEN A MODICUM OF DOUBT EXISTED AS TO THE GUILT OF THE PERSONS CONCERNED...IT IS TO BE HOPED THAT A REPRIEVE WILL BE GRANTED TO BOTH THESE PEOPLE, IF NOT ON THE GROUNDS OF INNOCENCE IN ALL PARTICULARS, AT LEAST ON THE GROUNDS OF HUMAN JUSTICE, ESPECIALLY AS IN THIS INSTANCE, IT CONCERNS TWO JEWISH PEOPLE..."

October 31, 1952

Dear Mr. Bloch:

I am greatly indebted to you for drawing my attention to the full facts in the case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, whose case is attracting great public interest in this country as I am sure it must do elsewhere.

I am extremely reluctant to express any opinion upon the exercise in another country of jurisdiction conferred by that country upon its courts in relation to two of its citizens. I am not competent at all even to consider the strictly legal or technical aspects of the matter. I can only assume that the judgment is right under your law or that, if it is not, every right of appeal or re-trial has been or will be exercised. Nevertheless, it does seem a little astonishing in a strongly contested case with a capital penalty involved, that the evidence of a single witness, himself an accessory and himself guilty, should be held conclusive through repetition and unopposed. It seems to be conceded that if Dr. Greenlass is wrong, the conviction cannot stand. Who can really be sure, beyond reasonable doubt, whether Greenlass is lying—except indeed Greenlass himself and the Rosenbergs?

But whatever diffidence I feel about forming any opinion of any value about the conviction, I have no hesitation at all in saying that I contemplate with horror the possibility that the death sentence could really be carried out in such a case by any civilized country, least of all by the United States of America upon whom history has placed in our time so heavy a responsibility for the wise leadership of so many nations in the onward march of civilization. No one suggests that the Rosenbergs played anything like so large a part as many who have got off with lighter sentences than death. No one suggests that there is any precedent for the final penalty on such a charge in time of peace. No one suggests that the offense was committed in favour of an enemy of the United States. No one suggests that, if the Soviet Union seven years after the alleged offense is considered such an enemy, the Rosenbergs bear any responsibility for that fact or did or could have foreseen it seven years ago. To exact the extreme penalty from these two unfortunate in these circumstances is to make the Rosenbergs personally responsible for all the errors of the attention of the world which since the end of the war have so tragically lost the peace for which we all hoped. That may, as many think, be the sole responsibility of the U.S.S.R.; it surely is not that of the Rosenbergs.

Please make any use of this letter you see fit.

(signed) SYDNEY HILLMAN

The Very Rev. Dr. Chandler  
Dean of Wakefield

The Secretary  
Hamilton, New Zealand  
Oct. 27, 1952

Excerpts:

In the first place, I am of the opinion that the evidence upon which these two persons were condemned, is of a very slender character. Further, much more incriminating evidence has been given to people who, on their own confession, were guilty of espionage. I think of Fuchs, Greenlass and Gold, who also received capital sentences.

Assuming that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg are guilty, it must be borne in mind that it was during World War II, when Russia was an ally, that these persons committed these offences. As heinous as the offence may be, it does not merit a death sentence, and I cannot believe that in this instance the President of your Republic will allow this sentence to stand. It would be cruel, inhuman and barbaric in the extreme and would raise a storm of protest throughout the world if, one of the chief partners in the world's Democratic States, countenanced the infliction of a death penalty, where even a medium of doubt existed as to the guilt of the persons concerned.

You are at liberty to use this letter as you think fit and to the best advantage in the interests of those for whom we plead for mercy.

(signed) The Very Rev. Dr. CHANDLER

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: December 15, 1952

FROM :

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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Exhibit#       

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Description of exhibit:

100-107111

DECLASSIFIED BY 4413  
ON 2/11/94

100-107111 - 346

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

# Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ  
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN  
Executive Secretary

FOR RELEASE - FRI. NOV. 7, 1953 SIXTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

BRyant 9-9694

SUPREME COURT TO RECEIVE APPEAL OF 50,000 AMERICANS FOR JUSTICE

IN PENDING ROSENBERG DECISION.

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William A. Reuben  
Dr. John L. Simon  
Leon Straus  
Lois Timmins  
Elizabeth Todd  
Dr. Leonard Tushnet  
Dr. Gene Weltfish

NEW YORK, N.Y....The names of 50,000 Americans of every race

and creed, including outstanding leaders in every field, are signed to an amicus curiae brief presented today to the Supreme Court in Washington, D. C., urging a new trial be given Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, young parents facing death after a trial which left grave doubts about their guilt. Attorney for the signers was Royal W. France, a nationally prominent lawyer.

The signatories to the brief are headed by: Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, world-famed Negro historian and author; Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, leading Jewish scholar and teacher; Nelson Algren, prize-winning novelist; Brig. Gen. Henry Clay Newcomer (Ret.).

Also: Rabbi Dr. Meyer Sharff, orthodox Jewish leader; Olin Downes, music critic of the New York Times; Reverend Amos Murphy, Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, pioneer fighter for Negro and women's rights; Reverend Harry F. Ward, Professor Emeritus of Christian Theology at the Union Theological Seminary and former chairman of the American Civil Liberties Union. (Organizations listed for identification only).

Appealing the unprecedented death sentence are people from virtually every state of the union. One-third of the signatures come from outlying and rural communities, four-fifths collected outside of New York. Two thousand people rang doorbells and spoke to prospective

those who did not sign, explaining that they feared economic reprisals, distributed material on the case, and in other ways aided in bringing the truth to the public.

In recent weeks those collecting signatures reported that literally tons of thousands had sent personal letters, telegrams and postcards to President Truman, urging clemency.

In addition to scores of doctors, lawyers, businessmen, professionals and trade unionists, the signers included these outstanding cultural, religious and civic leaders:

Rabbi Abraham Horvitz, New York; A. L. Pomerantz, former Nuremberg trials prosecutor; Reverend R. L. Tinner, San Francisco; Hugo Gallert, Anthony Toney and Robert Gwathmey, internationally-famed artists; Dashiell Hammett, best-selling mystery writer; Rabbi Moskey P. Mann, Arkansas.

Also: Reverend Mother Lona Stokes, New York; Albert Kaltz and Alvah Bossie, leading novelists and screen writers; Reverend Willard Uphaus, Connecticut; Professor John J. DeBoer, Chicago; Barbara Giles and Ben Field, novelists; Reverend Clarence D. Horriett, California; Rabbi T. A. Greenberg, Los Angeles.

Also: Dorothy Day, editor of the Catholic Worker; Dr. Gene Weltfish, Columbia University anthropologist; Reverend Charles W. Campbell, Albany, New York; Reverend H. H. Nester, Minnesota; John Gajack, United Electrical Workers Union leader; Yuri Suhl, leading Jewish poet and novelist; Lucy Brown, outstanding concert pianist.

Also: Rabbi Jacob Hoffman, New York; Mrs. Charlotta Bass, vice-presidential candidate of the Progressive Party; Reverend I. C. Collins, Newark, New Jersey; Howard Fast, world-famous novelist and recent recipient of a Jewish historical society award; Dr. Joseph E. Furst, leading psychiatric worker; John Howard Lawson, screen writer and historian; Reverend R. D. Rudd, New York; Judge Norval K. Harris, Indiana; and Clemens J. Franco, former state official of Rhode

*Some  
other  
firms*

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received December 8, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE B. E. YEBB

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial                       
Exhibit #                     

( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit:

DECLASSIFIED BY: 4413  
ON: 11/18/88

100-107111-347

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 16 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	



# the ROSENBERGS



## MUST NOT DIE!

- This young couple unjustly face execution on alleged charges of espionage.
- Even if the verdict were based on more substantial evidence, no one in America has ever been sentenced to die on this charge.
- Ilsa Koch, Nazi maker of human-skin lamp shades, Axis Sally and Tokio Rose, who made lurid careers out of barbarous killing of innocent victims in WW II, go free. Not even Nazis who murdered un-armed Americans at Malmady were given the death sentence.
- But in the U.S. a young couple is condemned to die on the flimsiest evidence in an atmosphere charged with anti-Semitic bias, victims of the drive to whip up a war hysteria.
- From the Catholic, Jewish and Protestant press, from the Negro people and from labor everywhere come demands: "The Rosenbergs must not die!"
- We can and must prevent this legal lynching. We can and will keep our land free of Buchenwalds and Dachaus.

### There is No Appeal from the Grave!

phone  
Wire  
Write

SAVE THEIR LIVES AND THE FUTURE OF THEIR CHILDREN!

ASK PRESIDENT TRUMAN: "USE YOUR POWER TO SET ASIDE THE DEATH VERDICT."

DON'T WAIT! IF YOUR HELP IS TO BE EFFECTIVE, YOU MUST SEND YOUR WIRE OR LETTER TODAY!

TRUE COPY

1014 Washington Rd.  
Kenosha, Wis.  
Dec. 9, 1952

Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Recently, I received a quantity of literature from the "National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case," an organization, no doubt well known to this office. I am aware of the nature and purpose of this organization, but am interested in learning more of this case, especially concerning the part played by the FBI. In reading this literature, one is told that the Bureau is a nazi-like instrument of a police state. For example, it states that the FBI broke into Morton Sobell's room in Mexico City, black jacked him, kidnapped him and drove 3 days and nights to the border. All thru this stuff, the Bureau, is attacked, vilified, condemned, and criticized. I've always held the Bureau in highest esteem, especially its director, so I can't believe this propaganda. So I'd appreciate any material available on this case, as well as the Coplon, and Amerasia case. How does the Bureau evaluate the above mentioned organization?

Yours for eternal vigilance

/s/ Larry Schall

100-107111-346

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 18 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Harrington



December 16, 1952

Mr. Larry Schall  
1014 Washington Road  
Kenosha, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Schall:

Your letter dated December 9, 1952, has been received.

Although I would like to be of service, the FBI does not have any material available for distribution relating to the cases you mentioned.

With reference to your inquiry, I would like to point out that the FBI is strictly a fact-finding agency, and it is not within the province of its prescribed authority to make evaluations or draw conclusions as to the character or integrity of any organization or individual. I know you will understand the reason for this rule, and will not draw any inference that we do, or that we do not, have data concerning the organization you mentioned.

The interest prompting you to bring the literature you described to my attention is indeed appreciated, and if, in the future, you have information which you believe to be within the investigative jurisdiction of the FBI, I hope you will not hesitate to make it available to the representatives of our office at 735 U. S. Post Office Customs and Court House Building, Milwaukee 2, Wisconsin.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover  
John Edgar Hoover  
Director

Milwaukee, with copy of incoming.

New York, with copy of incoming.

100-107111-345A

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FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL

348B

DATE

12/16/52

CONSISTING OF

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PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: December 16, 1952

FROM :

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received December 8, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA J. E. GIBLER AND SE B. E. WEBB

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

- (X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial             
Exhibit #
- ( ) Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A pamphlet captioned "The Cold-War Murder" - the frame-up against ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, by RICHARD C. BOYER.

*per exhibit 1896*

100-107111

100-107111-349

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*Ther...*

#2 East Mill Drive  
Apartment 1E,  
Great Neck, New York  
December 16TH, 1954

Mr. Leland V. Boardman,  
U. S. Department Of Justice,  
Federal Bureau Of Investigation,  
# 290 Broadway, New York 7, N.Y.

Dear Sir:

Further referring to my letter to you under date of Nov. 10TH and your letter to me dated November 20TH, I am pleased to inclose some literature that was PRINTED Nov. 26TH, but only sent out to this locality day before YESTERDAY!

You will note that before the stuff went through the press ----- that "Hundreds of thousands of people in the United States were writing to Pres. Truman Etc."-----

You will note that some of the well known punks are in the lists---and that they have had the nerve to include General Henry Clay's name! Can you beat that!

You of course know all about these people, but it might be interesting to look at "Room # 2"!

The main thing is "We need \$ 50,000 bucks Quick!"----that's the main thought in their minds!

I bet lots of these names mentioned, dont even know that their names are being used!

Lets hope that "The lights will "BLINK" on Jan.

Very Truly Yours,

*Handwritten signature: J. Edgar Hoover*

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FBI - NEW YORK	
<i>Handwritten signature: J. Edgar Hoover</i>	

*Handwritten signature: Henry F. Borne*  
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December 16, 1952

Special Agent in Charge,  
Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
290 Broadway,  
New York, N.Y.

Dear Sir:

I received the enclosed literature in the mail yesterday. Since I am an officer in the Michael E. Clavin Post, American Legion, one of your Agents, I think his name is Mr. Foley, contacted me about a year ago, and asked for my cooperation concerning the Communist issue. I told him I would be glad to do so.

I hope this matter will be of assistance to you.

Sincerely yours

*Joseph V. Ruger*

Joseph V. Ruger  
451 - 77th St.,  
Brooklyn 9, N.Y.

X 67-15445

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DEC 17 1952  
FBI - NEW YORK

*Foley*

100-107111-349B



# Office Memorandum - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

DATE: December 10, 1952

FROM : Director, FBI

PERSONAL ATTENTION

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATIONS --  
PROSECUTIVE SUMMARY REPORTS --  
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

MR. HARGETT  
MR. MOLENN  
MR. BRUCIA  
MR. FITZGER  
MR. HALL  
MR. LEVINE  
MR. MANDRE  
MR. NIGHT SUPER  
MR. RACAN  
MR. SPENCER  
MR. WALSH  
MR. WILLIS  
MR. WOHL  
CHIEF CLERK  
PERSONNEL DIV.  
PROPERTY DIV.  
TRAINING DIV.

Reference is made to SAC Letter Number 111, Series 100-1952, captioned as above, and to requests to your office and offices receiving copies of this letter for prosecutive summary reports on various Communist front organizations for the consideration and assistance of the Department in preparing petitions each of which, among other things, will allege that the organization named therein is a Communist front organization as defined in the Internal Security Act of 1950 and will seek as required by the Act to compel registration of such organization.

The prosecutive summary reports received to date in most instances make out basic cases against the subject organizations; however, a great deal of necessary evidence in compelling outcases has been furnished by active security informants whose identities cannot be exposed in proceedings before the Subversive Activities Control Board.

It is, therefore, absolutely imperative that intensive investigation of these organizations be undertaken to supplant existing evidence from active informants and to develop available legally admissible evidence showing the Communist nature of the organizations involved.

In connection with the preparation of prosecutive summary reports on Communist front organizations and the necessary investigation of these organizations to supplement existing available legally admissible evidence, you are instructed to assign one agent exclusively to each case.

2cc - Detroit

PERSONAL ATTENTION

2cc - Los Angeles

PERSONAL ATTENTION

2cc - San Francisco

PERSONAL ATTENTION

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with sufficient Agents to assist him in order to effectively fulfill the Bureau's responsibility as it relates to Communist front organizations under the Internal Security Act of 1950.

You should advise the Bureau as to the identity of the Agent assigned exclusively to each Communist front organization under the caption of the particular organization.

With regard to the supplemental investigation that is necessary, your attention is directed to the probability that many of those individuals who have testified in Smith Act prosecutions are in possession of a considerable amount of pertinent information concerning these organizations.

When deemed necessary, the office of origin should advise pertinent auxiliary offices of the Bureau's desires in these matters.

These instructions should apply to those organizations on which prosecutive summary reports have been submitted and on which you have received requests from the Bureau for supplemental investigation as well as to those organizations on which original prosecutive summary reports are requested.

This matter must receive your immediate and continued attention.